CITY OF FOLEY, MINNESOTA AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2018

SCHLENNER WENNER & CO.
Certified Public Accountants
& Business Consultants

CITY OF FOLEY, MINNESOTA TABLE OF CONTENTS

INTROD	UCTORY	SECTION:

CITY COUNCIL AND OFFICIALS	1
FINANCIAL SECTION:	
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	2
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:	
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:	
Government-wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	14
Statement of Activities	15
Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	16
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	
to the Statement of Net Position	17
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and	
Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	18
Reconciliation of Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental	
Funds to the Statement of Activities	20
Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds	21
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and	
Changes in Net Position – Proprietary Funds	22
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds	23
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	25
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Fire Service Fund	
Schedule of City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	
Schedule of City Pension Contributions	
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset)	
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information	60
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:	
Combining Balance Sheet – All Nonmajor Governmental Funds	63
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and	
Changes in Fund Balances – All Nonmajor Governmental Funds	64
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds –	
Debt Service Funds	
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and	
Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Funds –	
Debt Service Funds	66
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds –	
Special Revenue Funds	67
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and	
Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Funds –	
Special Revenue Funds	68
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds –	•
Capital Project Funds	69
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and	
Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Funds –	
Capital Project Funds	70
TJ	

CITY OF FOLEY, MINNESOTA TABLE OF CONTENTS (Continued)

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (Continued):	
Schedule of Indebtedness	71
OTHER REQUIRED REPORTS:	
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control	
Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other	
Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements	
Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	72
Independent Auditors' Report on Minnesota Legal Compliance	74
Schedule of Findings and Responses	75
Compative Action Plans	76

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

CITY OF FOLEY, MINNESOTA CITY COUNCIL AND OFFICIALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

CITY COUNCIL Term Expires Gerard Bettendorf Mayor December 31, 2020 Kris duMonceaux Council Member November 30, 2018 Jeff Gondeck Council Member December 31, 2020 Mike Kasner Council Member December 31, 2018 Rosalie Musachio Council Member December 31, 2022 Gary Swanson Council Member December 31, 2022

CITY OFFICIALS

Sarah Brunn City Administrator

FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

May 30, 2019

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Foley, Minnesota

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Foley, Minnesota as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

An Independently Owned Member, RSM US Alliance

www.swcocpas.com

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Foley, Minnesota as of December 31, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the Unites States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, Budgetary Comparison Schedules, Schedule of City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of City Pension Contributions and Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and Schedule of Indebtedness, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for the purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and Schedule of Indebtedness have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 30, 2019 on our consideration of the City of Foley's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Foley's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

chlenne Wenner 4 Co.

In accordance with Minnesota Statutes, we have also issued our report dated May 30, 2019, on our consideration of the City of Foley's compliance with provisions of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Cities*, promulgated by the State Auditor pursuant to Minnesota Statute Section 6.65. The purpose of the report is to determine if the City has complied with Minnesota laws and regulations. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in the State of Minnesota.

SCHLENNER WENNER & CO.

St. Cloud, Minnesota

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Our discussion and analysis of the City of Foley's financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2018. Please read it in conjunction with the independent auditor's report on page two and the City's financial statements, which begin on page fourteen.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The City's net position increased \$1,077,904 compared to the prior year as a result of this year's operations.
- In the City's business-type activities, revenues increased \$28,158 (or 3.17 percent) while program expenses decreased \$8,686 (or 1.38 percent). The increase in revenues is primarily due to an increase in charges for services in the current year. The decrease in expenses is primarily due to a decrease in personnel expenses, specifically pension expense in relation to the change in net pension liability for business-type activities for the current year.
- Total cost of all of the City's programs increased \$1,075,766 (or 38.59 percent), primarily due to public works expenditures incurred in the current year for a joint highway project with Benton County. The majority of these expenditures were offset by a corresponding capital contribution from the County.
- The City of Foley received local government aid in the amount of \$768,328.
- In the current year, the City's General Fund generated more revenue than budgeted by \$112,156, primarily due to unbudgeted licenses, permits and fees, unbudgeted tax revenues, as well as unbudgeted charges for services. Expenditures were more than budgeted, excluding transfers of \$176,550, by \$58,068 primarily due to capital outlay expenditures being more than budgeted.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (on pages fourteen and fifteen) provide information about the activities of the City as a whole and present a longer-term view of the City's finances. Fund financial statements start on page sixteen. These statements tell how governmental activity services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the City's most significant funds.

Reporting the City as a Whole

Our analysis of the City as a whole begins on page six. One of the most important questions asked about the City's finances is, "Is the City as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the City as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the City's net position and changes in net position. You can think of the City's net position (assets plus deferred outflows, less liabilities plus deferred inflows) as one way to measure the City's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. You will need to consider other nonfinancial factors, however, such as changes in the City's property tax base, costs associated with current and future construction projects and the condition of the City's roads, to assess the overall health of the City.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT (Continued)

Reporting the City as a Whole (Continued)

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we divide the City into two kinds of activities:

- Governmental Activities Most of the City's basic services are reported here, including the police, fire, public works, parks
 departments, and general administration. Property taxes, special assessments, licenses, permits, fees and state aids finance
 most of these activities.
- Business-type Activities The City charges a fee to customers to help it cover all or most of the cost of certain services it provides. The City's water and sewer activities are reported here.

Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds

Our analysis of the City's funds begins on page eight. The fund financial statements begin on page sixteen and provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the City as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, the City Council may establish other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants and other money. The City's two kinds of funds (governmental and proprietary) use different accounting approaches.

- Governmental Funds Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in reconciliations following the governmental fund financial statements.
- Proprietary Funds When the City charges customers for the services it provides, these services are generally reported in
 proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net
 Position and the Statement of Activities. In fact, the City's proprietary funds are the same as the business-type activities
 we report in the government-wide statements but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows, for
 proprietary funds.

THE CITY AS A WHOLE

The City's combined net position increased \$1,077,904 from a year ago. Our analysis below focuses on the net position (Table 1) and changes in net position (Table 2) of the City's governmental and business-type activities.

Table 1 Net Position

		nmental vities		ss-Type vities		otal rnment
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017
Current and Other Assets	\$ 7,288,849	\$ 6,024,162	\$ 2,612,274	\$ 3,363,494	\$ 9,901,123	\$ 9,387,656
Noncurrent Assets	10,585,193	7,908,371	4,107,721	4,246,621	14,692,914	12,154,992
Total Assets	17,874,042	13,932,533	6,719,995	7,610,115	24,594,037	21,542,648
Deferred Outflows						
of Resources	383,316	503,410	21,809	34,026	405,125	537,436
Current Liabilities	283,733	223,179	25,847	86,551	309,580	309,730
Noncurrent Liabilities	6,770,949	4,866,069	156,298	175,517	6,927,247	5,041,586
Total Liabilities	7,054,682	5,089,248	182,145	262,068	7,236,827	5,351,316
Deferred Inflows						
of Resources	529,633	570,390	32,043	35,623	561,676	606,013
Net Position:						
Net Investment In Capital						
Assets	3,070,837	3,299,713	4,061,124	4,246,621	7,131,961	7,546,334
Restricted	1,167,152	1,258,368	-	-	1,167,152	1,258,368
Unrestricted	6,435,054	4,218,224	2,466,492	3,099,829	8,901,546	7,318,053
Total Net Position	\$10,673,043	\$ 8,776,305	\$ 6,527,616	\$ 7,346,450	\$17,200,659	\$16,122,755

The net position of the City's governmental activities increased by \$1,896,738 (21.61 percent). Unrestricted net position (the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation or other legal requirements) increased by \$2,216,830 (52.55 percent) compared to the prior year.

The net position of the City's business-type activities decreased by \$818,834 (11.15 percent). Operations were generally comparable to the prior year, with the exception of transfers out of \$1,117,000. The majority of these transfers out are to be used for debt obligations in relation to the General Obligation Improvement Bonds issued in the current year.

THE CITY AS A WHOLE (Continued)

Table 2 Changes in Net Postiion

		nmental vities		ss-Type vities	Total Government		
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017	
REVENUES							
Charges for Services	\$ 380,052	\$ 361,411	\$ 911,495	\$ 872,666	\$ 1,291,547	\$ 1,234,077	
Grants and Contributions	1,675,482	227,814	4,822	8,681	1,680,304	236,495	
Taxes	1,065,050	952,920	-	-	1,065,050	952,920	
Franchise Fees	9,568	11,285	-	-	9,568	11,285	
Intergovernmental	879,605	846,974	-	-	879,605	846,974	
Investment Income	2,709	16,259	1,007	7,819	3,716	24,078	
Other	14,046	24,481	-	-	14,046	24,481	
Gain (Loss) on Disposal							
of Assets	(2,312)	20,607			(2,312)	20,607	
Total Revenues	4,024,200	2,461,751	917,324	889,166	4,941,524	3,350,917	
PROGRAM EXPENSES							
General Government	599,877	583,999	-	-	599,877	583,999	
Public Safety	730,499	667,283	-	-	730,499	667,283	
Public Works	1,575,381	588,156	-	-	1,575,381	588,156	
Parks and Recreation	159,375	158,482	-	-	159,375	158,482	
Economic Development	5,681	60,878	-	-	5,681	60,878	
Debt Service	173,649	101,212	-	-	173,649	101,212	
Water	-	-	286,039	270,716	286,039	270,716	
Sewer	<u>-</u> _	<u>-</u> _	333,119	357,128	333,119	357,128	
Total Expenses	3,244,462	2,160,010	619,158	627,844	3,863,620	2,787,854	
Transfers	1,117,000		(1,117,000)				
Change in Net Position	1,896,738	301,741	(818,834)	261,322	1,077,904	563,063	
Net Position - Beginning of Year	8,776,305	8,474,564	7,346,450	7,085,128	16,122,755	15,559,692	
Net Position - End of Year	\$10,673,043	\$ 8,776,305	\$ 6,527,616	\$ 7,346,450	\$17,200,659	\$16,122,755	

The City's total revenues increased by \$1,590,607 (47.47 percent). The total cost of all programs and services increased by \$1,075,766 (38.59 percent). These increases are largely due to increases in grants and contributions received from Benton County as well as corresponding construction costs incurred for a joint road construction project.

Our analysis on the next page separately considers the operations of governmental and business-type activities.

THE CITY AS A WHOLE (Continued)

Governmental Activities

Revenue for the City's governmental activities increased by \$1,562,449 (63.47 percent) and total expenses increased by \$1,084,452 (50.21 percent). Both increases were primarily due to the joint road construction project with Benton County, discussed on the previous page.

Table 3 presents the cost of each of the City's programs (general government, public safety, public works, parks and recreation, economic development and debt service) as well as each program's net cost (total cost less revenues generated by the activities). The net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the City's taxpayers by each of these functions. Activities (net of capital outlay which is excluded from Table 3) were generally comparable to the prior year as operations remained fairly consistent with the prior year with the exception of:

- Public works total cost of services increased significantly primarily due to the construction project discussed above.
- Debt service total and net cost of services increased primarily due to the cost of new debt issued in the current year.

Table 3
Governmental Activities

	 Total Cost of Services			Net Cost of Services			
	 2018		2017		2018		2017
General Government	\$ 599,877		583,999	\$	531,010	\$	446,883
Public Safety	730,499		667,283		442,054		380,796
Public Works	1,575,381		588,156		(70,284)		470,664
Parks and Recreation	159,375		158,482		109,818		110,352
Economic Development	5,681		60,878		2,681		60,878
Debt Service	 173,649		101,212		173,649		101,212
Totals	\$ 3,244,462	\$	2,160,010	\$	1,188,928	\$	1,570,785

Business-type Activities

Revenues of the City's business-type activities, including investment income, (see Table 2) increased by \$28,158 (3.17 percent) and program expenses decreased by \$8,686 (1.38 percent). Revenues increased from the prior year as a result of an increase in charges for services in the current year. Expenses decreased primarily due to changes in pension expense in relation to the net pension liability.

THE CITY'S FUNDS

Governmental Funds

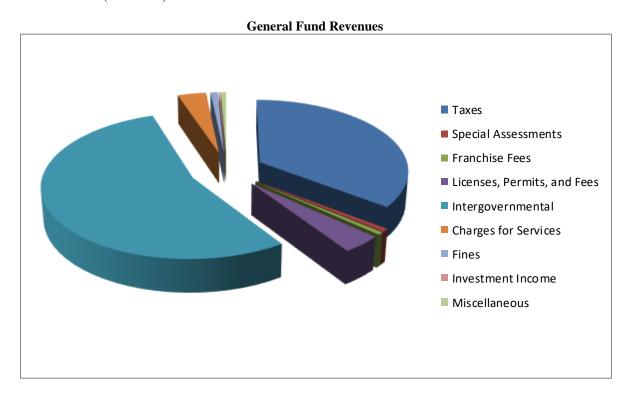
As the City completed the year, its governmental funds (as presented in the balance sheet on page sixteen) reported a combined fund balance of \$6,974,541. This is an increase of \$1,766,009 from the prior year. This increase is primarily due to an increase in intergovernmental revenue along with proceeds from the issuance of debt in the current year.

		Fund Balance	Increase				
Major Funds		2018		2017		(Decrease)	
General	\$	2,766,900	\$	2,674,362	\$	92,538	

The fund balance of the General Fund increased by \$92,538 compared to 2017. Details of the General Fund's revenues and expenditures are displayed on the following page.

THE CITY'S FUNDS (Continued)

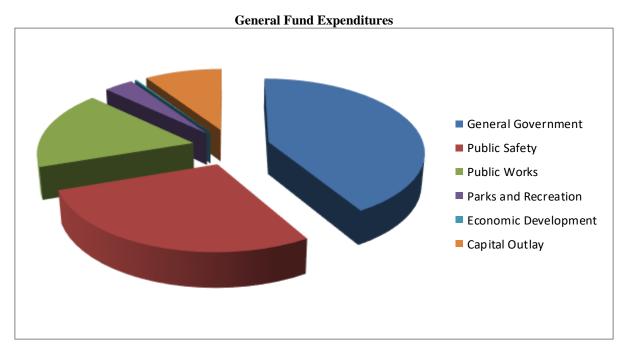
Governmental Funds (Continued)



The City received the majority of its funding in the General Fund from grants and other governmental agencies (54.25 percent) and taxes (35.42 percent). Overall, the City's General Fund revenues were comparable to the prior year, with the exception of an increase in taxes and charges for services.

THE CITY'S FUNDS (Continued)

Governmental Funds (Continued)



A significant portion of the City's General Fund expenditures are used for general government operations (41.52 percent). Remaining expenditures are used primarily for public safety (28.22 percent) and public works (17.28 percent). Expenditures have decreased from the prior year, largely due to decreased expenditures for capital outlay.

	 Fund Balance		Increase		
Major Funds	2018	2017		(Decrease)	
Fire Service Fund	\$ 621,965	\$	475,968	\$	145,997

The Fire Service fund balance increased due to a decrease in capital outlay and fire expenditures in the current year.

	Fund Balance December 31,					Increase
Major Funds		2018		2017	(Decrease)	
2008 Improvement Bond Fund	\$	663,636	\$	752,418	\$	(88,782)

The 2008 Improvement Bond fund balance decreased primarily due to debt service payments exceeding revenues in the current year.

	Fund Balance December 31,				Increase
Major Funds		2018	2017	(Decrease)	
2011 Improvement Bond Fund	\$	257,272	\$	267,577	\$ (10,305)

The 2011 Improvement Bond fund balance decreased primarily due to debt service payments exceeding revenues in the current year.

THE CITY'S FUNDS (Continued)

Governmental Funds (Continued)

	 Fund Balance	Decemb	oer 31,			Increase	
Major Funds	 2018		2017		(Decrease)		
2018 Capital Improvement Fund	\$ 1,420,751	\$		-	\$	1,420,751	

The 2018 Capital Improvement Fund was created in the current year to account for the 2018 road improvement project. The ending fund balance is primarily due to intergovernmental receipts, transfers in and proceeds from the issuance of debt.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The City's General Fund generated more revenue than budgeted of \$112,156. Expenditures were more than those budgeted, excluding transfers of \$176,550, by \$58,068. Increased revenues over budget in the current year are primarily due to unbudgeted revenue from licenses, permits and fees, unbudgeted tax revenues, as well as unbudgeted charges for services.

Proprietary Funds

As the City completed the year, its business-type activities reported a combined net position of \$6,527,616. This is a decrease of \$818,834 from the prior year. The following is a summary of the City's major proprietary funds:

	 Net Position Dec	Increase		
Major Funds	 2018	2017		(Decrease)
Water	\$ 2,739,770	3,218,396	\$	(478,626)
Sewer	\$ 3,787,846	4,128,054	\$	(340,208)

The Net Position of both the Water and Sewer funds decreased in the current year due to an increase in operating transfers out in the current year. Overall, the City's operations were generally comparable to the prior year, although charges for services revenue increased from the prior year.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of 2018, the City had \$22,771,865 (excluding accumulated depreciation of \$9,336,760) invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, infrastructure, buildings, equipment, improvements, vehicles, lagoons and lift stations. This amount represents a net increase of \$2,151,571, or 10.43 percent over last year.

Table 4
Capital Assets at Year-End

		nmental vities			Busine Acti		• 1	Totals				
	2018		2017		2018		2017		2018		2017	
Land	\$ 340,324	\$	350,826	\$	41,262	\$	41,262	\$	381,586	\$	392,088	
Construction In Progress	1,964,795		81,507		-		-		1,964,795		81,507	
Buildings	2,379,017		2,336,271		203,773		203,773		2,582,790		2,540,044	
Infrastructure	7,198,228		7,198,228		4,764,992		4,764,992		11,963,220		11,963,220	
Improvements	478,330		375,190		1,918,257		1,918,257		2,396,587		2,293,447	
Equipment	803,103		723,375		12,334		12,334		815,437		735,709	
Vehicles	1,725,128		1,694,745		352,394		352,394		2,077,522		2,047,139	
Lagoons	-		-		511,428		488,640		511,428		488,640	
Lift Stations	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		78,500		78,500		78,500		78,500	
Totals	\$ 14,888,925	\$	12,760,142	\$	7,882,940	\$	7,860,152	\$	22,771,865	\$	20,620,294	

More detailed information about the City's capital assets is presented in the notes to the financial statements beginning on page thirty-eight.

Debt

At year-end, the City had \$6,303,144 in debt versus a balance of \$4,382,536 in the prior, an increase of 43.82 percent, as shown in Table 5.

Table 5
Outstanding Debt at Year-End

	Governmental Activities								
		2018		2017					
General Obligation Bonds	\$	4,160,000	\$	1,970,000					
Crossover Refunding Bonds		2,065,000		2,340,000					
Unamortized Bond Premium	_	78,144	_	72,536					
Total	\$	6,303,144	\$	4,382,536					

More detailed information regarding the City's indebtedness can be found in the notes to the financial statements beginning on page forty.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The City's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the 2019 budget, tax rates and fees that will be charged for the business-type activities. The Council elected to increase the 2019 tax levy by 4.11% from the 2018 amount. The council anticipates modest increases in operating expenditures and also the need to continue to invest in improving the City's infrastructure to support the existing tax base, as well as the potential growth of the City.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Sarah Brunn, City Administrator, at the City of Foley, P.O. Box 709, Foley, MN 56329.



CITY OF FOLEY, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments	\$ 5,519,744	\$ 3,741,577	\$ 9,261,321
Property Taxes Receivable	20,044	-	20,044
Assessments Receivable	97,980	6,657	104,637
Notes Receivable	15,114	-	15,114
Accounts Receivable	177,670	262,618	440,288
Internal Balances	1,410,754	(1,410,754)	-
Prepaids	47,543	12,176	59,719
Noncurrent Assets:			
Assessments Receivable	967,668	46,597	1,014,265
Net Pension Asset	243,544	-	243,544
Capital Assets not Being Depreciated	2,305,119	41,262	2,346,381
Capital Assets Being Depreciated (Net)	7,068,862	4,019,862	11,088,724
TOTAL ASSETS	17,874,042	6,719,995	24,594,037
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pensions	383,316	21,809	405,125
LIABILITIES	46.604		-1.000
Accounts Payable	46,691	4,397	51,088
Accrued Payroll and Payroll Taxes	57,839	5,686	63,525
Retainage Payable	84,945	-	84,945
Accrued Interest	70,500	-	70,500
Accrued Vacation	23,758	15,764	39,522
Noncurrent Liabilities:			
Accrued Severance	30,407	49,164	79,571
Net Pension Liability	437,398	107,134	544,532
Bonds Due Within One Year	415,000	-	415,000
Bonds Due After One Year	5,888,144		5,888,144
TOTAL LIABILITIES	7,054,682	182,145	7,236,827
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pensions	529,633	32,043	561,676
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	3,070,837	4,061,124	7,131,961
Restricted	1,167,152	-	1,167,152
Unrestricted	6,435,054	2,466,492	8,901,546
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 10,673,043	\$ 6,527,616	\$ 17,200,659

CITY OF FOLEY, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

			Program Revenue	S	Net (Expense) I	Revenue and Change	s in N	let Position
			Operating	Capital		Primary Governmen	ıt	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Grants and Contributions	Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities		Total
Governmental Activities:								
General Government	\$ 599,877						\$	(531,010)
Public Safety	730,499	285,445	3,000		(442,054)	-		(442,054)
Public Works	1,575,381	246	6,360	1,639,059	70,284	-		70,284
Parks and Recreation	159,375	49,557		-	(109,818)	-		(109,818)
Economic Development	5,681	3,000		-	(2,681)	-		(2,681)
Debt Service	173,649				(173,649)			(173,649)
Total Governmental Activities	3,244,462	380,052	26,398	1,649,084	(1,188,928)	-		(1,188,928)
Business-Type Activities:								
Water	286,039	444,222		3,838	-	162,021		162,021
Sewer	333,119	467,273		984		135,138		135,138
Total Business-Type Activities	619,158	911,495		4,822	<u> </u>	297,159		297,159
TOTALS	\$ 3,863,620	\$ 1,291,547	\$ 26,398	\$ 1,653,906	(1,188,928)	297,159		(891,769)
	General Revenues	(Expenses):						
	Taxes				1,065,050	-		1,065,050
	Franchise Fees				9,568	-		9,568
	Intergovernmenta	al			879,605	-		879,605
	Investment Incor	ne			2,709	1,007		3,716
	Miscellaneous				14,046	-		14,046
	Loss on Sale of A	Assets			(2,312)			(2,312)
	Total General Reve	enues (Expenses)			1,968,666	1,007		1,969,673
	Transfers				1,117,000	(1,117,000)	,	-
	Total General Reve	enues (Expenses) an	d Transfers		3,085,666	(1,115,993)		1,969,673
	CHANGE IN NET	Γ POSITION			1,896,738	(818,834)	ı	1,077,904
	NET POSITION -	BEGINNING OF	YEAR		8,776,305	7,346,450		16,122,755
	NET POSITION -	END OF YEAR			\$ 10,673,043	\$ 6,527,616	\$	17,200,659

CITY OF FOLEY, MINNESOTA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2018

	 General Fund	F	Fire Service	2008 nprovement Bond Fund		2011 mprovement Bond Fund	018 Capital mprovement Fund		Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds	G	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments Property Taxes Receivable Assessments Receivable Accounts Receivable Notes Receivable Due From Other Funds Advance To Other Funds Prepaids	\$ 2,756,999 11,068 163,440 23,510 - - 31,024	\$	614,346 1,380 - 21,450 - - 13,001	\$ 461,851 4,469 152,775 - 40,000 160,000	\$	256,732 1,389 153,441	\$ 400,859 - 494,282 132,710 - 975,000	\$	1,028,957 1,738 101,710 - 15,114 20,000 215,754 3,518	\$	5,519,744 20,044 1,065,648 177,670 15,114 60,000 1,350,754 47,543
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 2,986,041	\$	650,177	\$ 819,095	\$	411,562	\$ 2,002,851	\$	1,386,791	\$	8,256,517
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Accrued Payroll and Payroll Taxes Retainage Payable	\$ 18,827 30,526	\$	77 27,313	\$ - - -	\$	- - -	\$ 2,873 - 84,945	\$	24,914 - -	\$	46,691 57,839 84,945
Total Liabilities	 49,353		27,390	 -	-	-	 87,818	-	24,914		189,475
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable Revenue: Property Taxes Special Assessments Notes Receivable	6,639 163,149		822	3,121 152,338		849 153,441	494,282		1,036 101,710 15,114		12,467 1,064,920 15,114
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 169,788		822	 155,459		154,290	 494,282		117,860		1,092,501
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Restricted Assigned	31,024 - 506,463		13,001 - 608,964	160,000 503,636		257,272	975,000 - 445,751		219,272 476,744 548,001		1,398,297 1,237,652 2,109,179
Unassigned	 2,229,413		<u>-</u>	 -		-	 <u> </u>		<u>-</u>		2,229,413
Total Fund Balance	 2,766,900		621,965	663,636		257,272	 1,420,751		1,244,017		6,974,541
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 2,986,041	\$	650,177	\$ 819,095	<u>\$</u>	411,562	\$ 2,002,851	<u>\$</u>	1,386,791	\$	8,256,517

CITY OF FOLEY, MINNESOTA RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2018

Total Fund Balance for Governmental Funds		\$	6,974,541
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of			
Net Position are different because:			
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation of \$5,514,944) used in			
governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore,			
are not reported in the funds:			9,373,981
The net pension asset/liability and related inflows/outflows represent the			
allocation of pension obligations to the City. Such balances are not			
reported in the funds:			
Net Pension Asset	\$ 243,544		
Net Pension Liability	(437,398)		
Deferred Outflows - Pensions	383,316		
Deferred Inflows - Pensions	 (529,633)		
			(340,171)
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period			
expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds:			
Property Taxes Receivable	12,467		
Special Assessments Receivable	1,064,920		
Notes Receivable	 15,114		
			1,092,501
Interest payable on long-term debt does not require current financial			
resources and, therefore, is not reported as a liability in the			
governmental funds Balance Sheet:			(70,500)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and,			
therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds Balance Sheet:			
Accrued Vacation	(23,758)		
Unamortized Bond Premium	(78,144)		
Accrued Severance	(30,407)		
Bonds Due Within One Year	(415,000)		
Bonds Due In More Than One Year	(5,810,000)		
	 (2,2-2,200)		(6,357,309)
TOTAL NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		•	10,673,043
TOTAL BETTOSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		Ψ	10,073,043

CITY OF FOLEY, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	General Fund	Fire Service Fund	2008 Improvement Bond Fund	2011 Improvement Bond Fund	2018 Capital Improvement Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES							
Taxes	\$ 550,647	\$ 79,579	\$ 191,325	\$ 76,585	\$ -	\$ 100,883	\$ 999,019
Tax Increment	-	-	-	-	-	71,793	71,793
Franchise Fees	9,568	-	-	-	-	-	9,568
Special Assessments	10,571	-	40,309	23,016	82,826	12,663	169,385
Licenses, Permits and Fees	60,524	-	-	-	=	-	60,524
Intergovernmental	843,516	55,434	-	-	995,121	41,369	1,935,440
Charges for Services	54,089	206,204	-	-	=	45,180	305,473
Fines	14,055	-	-	-	-	-	14,055
Investment Income	2,291	26	64	39	157	132	2,709
Loan Repayment	-	-	-	-	-	2,207	2,207
Miscellaneous	9,580	3,982	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	4,091	17,653
TOTAL REVENUES	1,554,841	345,225	231,698	99,640	1,078,104	278,318	3,587,826
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General Government:							
City Clerk	103,959	-	-	-	-	-	103,959
Council	7,616	-	-	-	-	-	7,616
General Government	422,717						422,717
Total General Government Public Safety:	534,292	-	-	-	-	-	534,292
Police	340,123	_	_	_	_	_	340,123
Fire		199,228	_	_	_	_	199,228
Other	23,062	-	-	_	-	_	23,062
Total Public Safety	363,185	199,228		-			562,413
Public Works	222,383	, <u>-</u>	-	-	23,558	_	245,941
Parks and Recreation	45,208	_	-	-	-	85,932	131,140
Economic Development	3,010	_	-	-	-	2,671	5,681
Debt Service:	,					,	,
Principal	-	-	275,000	80,000	-	70,000	425,000
Interest and Other Charges	-	=	45,480	29,945	52,674	28,650	156,749
Total Debt Service	-		320,480	109,945	52,674	98,650	581,749
Capital Outlay	118,675	-	-	-	2,833,737	280,305	3,232,717
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,286,753	199,228	320,480	109,945	2,909,969	467,558	5,293,933

CITY OF FOLEY, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	General Fund		Fire Service Fund	_	2008 Improvement Bond Fund	 2011 Improvement Bond Fund	2018 Capital Improvement Fund	(Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	(Total Governmental Funds
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$ 268,088	\$	145,997	\$	(88,782)	\$ (10,305)	\$ (1,831,865)	\$	(189,240)	\$	(1,706,107)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)											
Bond Proceeds	-		_		-	_	2,340,000		-		2,340,000
Premium on Bond Issuance	-		_		-	_	14,116		-		14,116
Sale of Assets	1,000		-		-	-	-		-		1,000
Operating Transfers In	-		-		-	-	975,000		395,050		1,370,050
Operating Transfers Out	(176,550)			_		 	 (76,500)				(253,050)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	 (175,550)	_		_	<u>-</u>	 	3,252,616		395,050		3,472,116
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	92,538		145,997		(88,782)	(10,305)	1,420,751		205,810		1,766,009
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	 2,674,362		475,968		752,418	 267,577	 		1,038,207		5,208,532
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$ 2,766,900	\$	621,965	\$	663,636	\$ 257,272	\$ 1,420,751	\$	1,244,017	\$	6,974,541

CITY OF FOLEY, MINNESOTA RECONCILIATION OF CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$ 1,766,009
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different due to the following:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures and proceeds from the sale of capital assets as other financing sources while governmental activities report the loss on disposal of assets and depreciation expense to allocate capital outlay expenditures over the life of the assets: Capital Outlay Capitalized Capital Assets Acquired via Trade-In Net Loss on the Disposal of Assets Depreciation Expense	\$ 2,172,661 11,000 (14,311) (477,618)	
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues	 (1,7,,010)	1,691,732
in the funds: Long-Term Receivables, Net of Deferred Revenue		436,179
Net change in accrued interest on long-term debt is not reported as expenses in the funds:		(25,408)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds: Change in Accrued Vacation Change in Accrued Severance	(4,979) (3,975)	
Proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt is an other financing source in the governmental funds, while repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds. However, neither transaction has any effect on net position: Bond Payments Bond Proceeds	425,000 (2,340,000)	(8,954)
Bond Premium The effects of bond premiums and discounts are reported in the governmental fund financial statements upon issuance of debt. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of	(14,116)	(1,929,116)
Activities: Current Year Amortization of Premium		8,508
Net pension liability and asset do not represent the impending use of current resources. Therefore, the change in this liability and asset		
and the related deferrals are not reported in the governmental funds:		 (42,212)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		\$ 1,896,738

CITY OF FOLEY, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Totals
ASSETS			
Current Assets Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments Assessments Receivable Accounts Receivable Prepaids	\$ 1,661,687 4,364 127,929 5,194	\$ 2,079,890 2,293 134,689 6,982	\$ 3,741,577 6,657 262,618 12,176
Total Current Assets	1,799,174	2,223,854	4,023,028
Noncurrent Assets Assessments Receivable Capital Assets not Being Depreciated Capital Assets Being Depreciated (Net) Total Noncurrent Assets	30,547 38,262 1,754,401 1,823,210	16,050 3,000 2,265,461 2,284,511	46,597 41,262 4,019,862 4,107,721
TOTAL ASSETS	3,622,384	4,508,365	8,130,749
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pensions	11,096	10,713	21,809
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Accounts Payable	76	4,321	4,397
Accrued Expenses Accrued Vacation	2,787	2,899 7,882	5,686
Due to Other Funds	7,882 30,000	30,000	15,764 60,000
Total Current Liabilities	40,745	45,102	85,847
Noncurrent Liabilities			
Accrued Severance	24,582	24,582	49,164
Advances From Other Funds	757,877	592,877	1,350,754
Net Pension Liability	54,273	52,861	107,134
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	836,732	670,320	1,507,052
TOTAL LIABILITIES	877,477	715,422	1,592,899
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pensions	16,233	15,810	32,043
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	1,792,663	2,268,461	4,061,124
Unrestricted	947,107	1,519,385	2,466,492
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 2,739,770	\$ 3,787,846	\$ 6,527,616

CITY OF FOLEY, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	 Water Fund	 Sewer Fund	 Totals
OPERATING REVENUES			
Charges for Services	\$ 441,575	\$ 447,586	\$ 889,161
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Personnel Services	84,946	73,527	158,473
Utilities	21,983	9,621	31,604
Materials and Supplies	31,800	7,176	38,976
Repairs and Maintenance	38,856	3,933	42,789
Insurance	7,382	10,821	18,203
Water and Wastewater Analysis	836	5,061	5,897
Office Expense	9,490	12,405	21,895
Professional Services	76	2,816	2,892
Permits	150	-	150
Other Services and Charges	7,203	78,973	86,176
Depreciation	 83,317	 124,968	 208,285
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	 286,039	 329,301	 615,340
NET OPERATING INCOME	155,536	118,285	273,821
NONOPERATING INCOME (EXPENSE)			
Special Assessments	3,838	984	4,822
Other Income	2,647	19,687	22,334
Investment Income (Loss)	 353	 (3,164)	 (2,811)
NET NONOPERATING INCOME	 6,838	 17,507	 24,345
CHANGE IN NET POSITION PRIOR TO TRANSFERS	162,374	135,792	298,166
TRANSFERS Operating Transfers Out	 (641,000)	 (476,000)	 (1,117,000)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(478,626)	(340,208)	(818,834)
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR	 3,218,396	 4,128,054	 7,346,450
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 2,739,770	\$ 3,787,846	\$ 6,527,616

CITY OF FOLEY, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	 Water Fund	Sewer Fund		 Totals
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash Received from Customers Cash Paid to Suppliers Cash Paid to Employees	\$ 444,115 (162,080) (85,915)	\$	448,411 (150,713) (79,717)	\$ 892,526 (312,793) (165,632)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	196,120		217,981	414,101
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Operating Subsidies and				
Transfers to Other Funds Nonoperating Receipts	 (71,000) 10,849		(71,000) 27,874	 (142,000) 38,723
NET CASH USED BY NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(60,151)		(43,126)	(103,277)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Purchases of Capital Assets Payments on Interfund Advances	 (8,434) (30,000)		(14,354) (30,000)	 (22,788) (60,000)
NET CASH USED BY CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(38,434)		(44,354)	(82,788)
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Investment Income	 270		293	 563
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	97,805		130,794	228,599
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	 1,373,775		1,369,872	 2,743,647
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year	1,471,580		1,500,666	2,972,246
Investments	 190,107	-	579,224	 769,331
Total Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments	\$ 1,661,687	\$	2,079,890	\$ 3,741,577
SCHEDULE OF NONCASH CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Change in Fair Value of Investments	\$ 83	\$	(3,457)	\$ (3,374)
Change in Interfund Advances Related to Future Periods	\$ 570,000	\$	405,000	\$ 975,000

CITY OF FOLEY, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

		Water Fund	-	Sewer Fund		Totals
RECONCILIATION OF NET OPERATING INCOME TO NET						
CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	155 526	ø	110 205	¢.	272 921
Net Operating Income	Þ	155,536	\$	118,285	\$	273,821
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Operating Income to						
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:						
Depreciation Expense		83,317		124,968		208,285
Change in Assets, Liabilities, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows:						
Accounts Receivable		2,540		825		3,365
Prepaids		(418)		334		(84)
Accounts Payable		(43,886)		(20,241)		(64,127)
Accrued Wages		(73)		170		97
Accrued Vacation		1,663		1,663		3,326
Accrued Severance		1,783		1,783		3,566
Deferred Outflows of		,		,		,
Resources - Pensions		5,393		6,824		12,217
Net Pension Liability		(8,701)		(14,084)		(22,785)
Deferred Inflows of		(=,, ==)		(-1,1)		(==,, ==)
Resources - Pensions		(1,034)		(2,546)		(3,580)
	-	(1,00.)		(2,8.8)		(2,200)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	196,120	\$	217,981	\$	414,101

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Foley (the City) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. GAAP includes all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements.

The City has a mayor-council form of government that is governed by an elected mayor and four-member council. The City provides the following services: water, sewer, recreation, public improvements, public safety and general administrative services.

1.A. FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

The City's financial reporting entity is comprised of the primary governmental unit of the City of Foley, Minnesota.

In determining the financial reporting entity, the City complies with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, and includes all component units of which the City appointed a voting majority of the units' board; the City is either able to impose its will on the unit or a financial benefit or burden relationship exists.

Blended Component Units

Blended component units are separate legal entities that meet the component unit criteria described above and whose governing body is the same or substantially the same as the City Council or the component unit provides services entirely to the City. These component units' funds are blended into those of the City's by appropriate activity type to compose the primary government presentation. Currently, the City has the following blended component unit:

Economic Development Authority

The City created an Economic Development Authority (EDA) by resolution of its City Council. The EDA is governed by a four-member board appointed by the City Council. Although it is legally separate from the City, the EDA is reported as if it were part of the primary government because its purpose is to approve the City's redevelopment plans. The EDA cannot issue bonded debt without the City's approval.

Discretely Presented Component Units

Discretely presented component units are separate legal entities that meet the component unit criteria described above but do not meet the criteria for blending. Currently, the City has no discretely presented component units.

1.B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Government-wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds (of which, the City has none). The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods and services.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into two major categories: governmental and proprietary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

1.B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the City or meets the following criteria:

- Total assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues or
 expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or proprietary fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding
 total for all funds of that category or type; and
- Total assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or proprietary fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and proprietary funds combined.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the primary operating fund of the City and is always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds.

The *Fire Service Fund* is a special revenue fund used to account for funds received by the City for fire department expenses. The City has elected to present this fund as major in the current year.

The *Debt Service Funds* account for the accumulation of financial resources for the payment of interest and principal on general long-term debt of the City. Tax levies and special assessments are used for the payment of principal and interest on the City's indebtedness. Major debt service funds include: 2008 Improvement Bond Fund and 2011 Improvement Bond Fund

The 2018 Capital Improvement Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the Dewey Street capital improvement project.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The *Water Fund* and *Sewer Fund* are used to account for business-like activities related to the operation of water and sewer systems provided to the general public. These activities are financed primarily by user charges, and the measurement of financial activity focuses on net income measurement similar to the private sector.

The City reports the following nonmajor governmental funds:

The *Debt Service Funds* account for the accumulation of financial resources for the payment of interest and principal on general long-term debt of the City. Tax levies and special assessments are used for the payment of principal and interest on the City's indebtedness. These funds also account for the receipt of tax increment financing dollars and the use of such dollars for pay-as-you-go debt or eligible administrative costs incurred by the City.

The Special Revenue Funds account for funds received by the City with a specific purpose.

The *Capital Project Funds* account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of capital projects (other than capital projects funded by proprietary funds).

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

1.C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the *economic resources* measurement focus as defined in the second bullet point below.

In the fund financial statements, the *current financial resources* measurement focus or the *economic resources* measurement focus is used as appropriate:

- All governmental funds utilize a *current financial resources* measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- The government-wide financial statements and proprietary funds utilize an economic resources measurement focus. The
 accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or
 cost recovery), financial position and cash flows. All assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows (whether
 current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, liabilities and deferred outflows/inflows resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented on the *modified accrual* basis of accounting. Under this modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available." Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or within sixty days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for general obligation bond principal and interest which are reported when due.

All proprietary funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting.

1.D. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, and disclosure of contingent assets, liabilities, and deferred outflows/inflows of resources at the date of the financial statements. Estimates also affect reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

1.E. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND EQUITY

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the Statement of Net Position and proprietary fund Statement of Cash Flows, "cash and cash equivalents" includes all demand, savings and money market savings accounts for the City.

See Note 3.A. for additional information related to Cash and Cash Equivalents.

Investments

Investments are stated at their fair value as determined by quoted market prices. Short-term investments are reported at amortized cost, provided that the fair value of those investments is not significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer or by other factors. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Investments that do not have an established market are reported at estimated fair value. Certificates of deposit, if any, are stated at cost, plus accrued interest, which approximates fair market value.

Net appreciation (depreciation) in fair value of investments includes net unrealized and realized gains and losses. Purchases and sales of securities are recorded on a trade-date basis.

See Note 3.A. for additional information related to investments.

Interfund Receivables and Payables

During the course of operations, transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Those related to good and services type transactions are classified as "due to and from other funds." Short-term interfund loans are reported as "due to and from other funds." Long-term interfund loans are reported as "advances from and to other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities, as well as interfund receivables and payables between funds within business-type activities, are eliminated in the Statement of Net Position. See Note 3.E. for details of interfund transactions, including receivables and payables at year-end.

Prepaids

Prepaids represent expenditures/expenses paid during the current year to be recognized in future periods.

Receivables

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable and are not deemed necessary at year end. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include taxes, special assessments, intergovernmental receipts and charges for services. Business-type activities report utility charges and assessments as their major receivables.

In the fund financial statements, material receivables in governmental funds include revenue accruals such as taxes, assessments, other intergovernmental revenues, fines and charges for services since they are usually both measurable and available. Nonexchange transactions collectible but not available are deferred in the fund financial statements in accordance with modified accrual basis, but not deferred in the government-wide financial statements in accordance with the accrual basis. Interest and investment earnings are recorded when earned only if paid within 60 days since they would be considered both measurable and available. Proprietary fund material receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Utility accounts receivable and assessments compose the majority of proprietary fund receivables. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable. No allowances are deemed necessary at year end.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

1.E. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND EQUITY (Continued)

Notes Receivable

Notes Receivable consists of a loan made to a local entity during 2015. Remaining balance of such note amounts to \$15,114 at December 31, 2018 and is payable to the City in monthly installments of \$184 through July 2026.

Capital Assets

The accounting treatment over property, plant and equipment (capital assets) depends on whether the assets are used in governmental or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

Capital assets are defined by the City as assets, with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year.

The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Land Improvements	20 years
Infrastructure	25 years
Buildings and Structures	20-50 years
Distribution System	40-50 years
Lagoons	60 years
Machinery and Equipment	5-15 years

Government-wide Statements

In the government-wide financial statements, capital outlay expenditures are accounted for as capital assets. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated capital assets which are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation.

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements.

Accounts Payable

Payables in the governmental and proprietary funds are composed almost entirely of payables to vendors.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

1.E. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND EQUITY (Continued)

Accrued Vacation and Accrued Severance

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate a limited amount of earned but unused vacation and sick leave. All vacation pay, compensatory pay and vested sick pay are accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. Governmental activity accrued vacation and severance are generally funded through the General Fund.

Sick leave accumulates at the rate of one day per month of employment to a maximum accumulation of 155 days. A permanent employee is entitled to a percentage of his or her sick leave as severance pay at separation from service in accordance with the vesting policies of the City's personnel policies. Such pay has been accrued in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements as accrued severance.

Noncurrent Liabilities

The accounting treatment of long-term debt depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources is reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term debt consists primarily of general obligation bonds.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest are reported as expenditures. The accounting for proprietary funds is the same in the fund statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

Net Pension Asset/Liability

The net pension asset represents the City's allocation of its pro-rata share of the Foley Fire Relief Association's net pension asset as of the most recent valuation date. The net pension liability represents the City's allocation of their pro-rata share of the statewide pension plans net pension liability.

PERA

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and additions to/deductions from PERA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERA except that PERA's fiscal year end is June 30. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized as of employer payroll paid dates and benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statements of Net Position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This element represents a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and, therefore, will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. The City reports deferred outflows of resources in the government-wide and proprietary fund Statements of Net Position in relation to the activity of the pension funds in which City employees participate.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

1.E. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND EQUITY (Continued)

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (Continued)

In addition to liabilities, the Statements of Net Position and Balance Sheet report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and, therefore, will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City reports unavailable revenues as deferred inflows of resources. Unavailable revenues consist of property taxes, special assessments and notes receivable. Accordingly, these amounts are deferred and recognized as inflows of resources in the period that they become available. Because this type of unavailable revenue is only reported under a modified accrual basis of accounting, deferred inflows of resources are only reported in the governmental funds Balance Sheet. In addition, the City reports deferred inflows of resources in the government-wide and proprietary fund Statements of Net Position in relation to the activity of pension funds in which City employees participate. Accordingly, such amounts are deferred and recognized as inflows of resources in the period that they become available.

See Note 4 for additional information pertaining to the deferred outflows and deferred inflows recorded to account for pension activities.

Equity Classifications

Government-wide Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

Net Investment in Capital Assets – Consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted – Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments; or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted – Remaining balance of net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

It is the City's policy to consider restricted net position to its depletion before unrestricted net position is applied.

Fund Statements

Governmental Fund Financial Statements – In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balances as either nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. When the City incurs an expenditure for which it may use either restricted or unrestricted fund balances, it uses restricted fund balances first unless unrestricted fund balances will have to be returned because they were not used. When the City incurs an expenditure for purposes for which amounts in any unrestricted fund balance classification could be used, it uses fund balances in the following order: Committed, assigned, unassigned.

Nonspendable – Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The nonspendable fund balances at December 31, 2018 consist of prepaid expenditures and advances made to other funds.

Restricted – That portion of fund balance which is not available for appropriation or which has been legally segregated for a specific purpose.

Committed – Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the City Council, which is the highest level of decision making authority. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council modifies or rescinds the commitment by resolution.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

1.E. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND EQUITY (Continued)

Equity Classifications (Continued)

Fund Statements (Continued)

Assigned – Amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The City Administrator shall have the authority to assign fund balance.

Unassigned – This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The City has formally adopted a policy under which it strives to maintain a minimum unassigned general fund balance of not less than 50-65% of annual General Fund operating expenditures.

See Note 3.F. for additional disclosures.

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements – Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements, as described above.

1.F. REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND EXPENSES

Property Tax

Under State law, municipalities are limited in their ability to levy a property tax. The City levies its property tax for the subsequent year during the month of December. Benton County is the collecting agency for the levy and remits the collections to the City. In the fund financial statements, property taxes are recorded as revenue in the period levied to the extent they are collected within 60 days of year-end.

December 31 is the last day the City can certify a tax levy to the County for collection the following year. The County creates the tax list for all taxable property in the City and applies the applicable tax rate to the tax capacity of individual properties to arrive at the actual tax for each property. The County also collects all special assessments, except for certain prepayments paid directly to the City. The County collects all taxes and assessments, except as noted above. The County mails copies of all real estate and personal property tax statements. Each year, property owners are required to pay one half of their real estate taxes by May 15 and the balance by October 15. Penalties and interest are assessed to property owners who do not pay their property taxes and special assessments by the due dates.

Delinquent taxes receivable includes the past six years' uncollected taxes. Delinquent taxes have been offset by deferred inflows of resources for taxes not received within 60 days after year end in the fund financial statements.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues and expenses for proprietary funds are those that result from providing services and producing and delivering goods and/or services. It also includes all revenue and expenses not related to capital and noncapital financing or investing activities.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

1.F. REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND EXPENSES (Continued)

Expenditures/Expenses

In the government-wide financial statements, expenses are classified by function for both governmental and business-type activities.

In the fund financial statements, expenditures are classified as follows:

Governmental Funds - By Character Current (further classified by Function)

Debt Service Capital Outlay

Proprietary Funds - By Operating and Nonoperating

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report expenditures of financial resources. Proprietary funds report expenses relating to use of economic resources.

Interfund Transfers

Permanent reallocations of resources between funds of the reporting entity are classified as interfund transfers. For the purpose of the Statement of Activities, all interfund transfers between individual governmental funds, as well as all interfund transfers between individual proprietary funds, have been eliminated. See additional information at Note 3.E.

1.G. RECLASSIFICATIONS

Certain amounts from 2017 have been reclassified to conform to the 2018 presentation in the Management's Discussion and Analysis section.

NOTE 2 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

2.A. FUND ACCOUNTING REQUIREMENTS AND DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS LAWS AND REGULATIONS

By its nature as a local government unit, the City is subject to various Federal, State, and local laws and contractual regulations. The City complies with all State and local laws and regulations requiring the use of separate funds.

In accordance with State law, all uninsured deposits of municipal funds in financial institutions must be secured with acceptable collateral valued at market. Minnesota Statutes require that all deposits with financial institutions be collateralized in an amount equal to 110% of deposits in excess of FDIC or FSLIC insurance (100% if collateral pledged is irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank). The City complies with such laws.

2.B. BUDGETARY INFORMATION

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for the General Fund and major special revenue funds (Fire Service Fund). All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. The City does not use encumbrance accounting.

In August of each year, all departments of the City submit requests for appropriations to the City Council so that a budget may be prepared for the following year. Public hearings are conducted to allow for taxpayer comments and the proposed budget is then reviewed and approved by the Council.

NOTE 2 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY (Continued)

2.B. BUDGETARY INFORMATION (Continued)

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function and department. The City's department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between departments require the approval of the Council. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the department level. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Council. See the General Fund and Fire Service Fund budgets presented as Required Supplementary Information.

2.C. EXPENDITURES IN EXCESS OF BUDGET

Actual expenditures exceeded total budgeted expenditures for the current year end as follows:

			Transfers
	Budgeted	Actual	Included in
Fund	Expenditures	Expenditures	Actual
General Fund	\$ 1,443,685	\$ 1,463,303	\$ 176,550

Expenditures in excess of budget were primarily the result of unbudgeted capital outlay. The expenditures in excess of budget were funded by available fund balances.

NOTE 3 DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS

The following notes present detail information to support the amounts reported in the basic financial statements for its various assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses.

3.A. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits

In accordance with applicable Minnesota Statutes, the City maintains deposits at depository banks authorized by the City Council. Minnesota Statutes require that all City deposits be protected by insurance, surety bond or collateral. The market value of collateral pledged must equal 110 percent of the deposits not covered by insurance or bonds (100% if collateral pledged is irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank). The City complies with such laws.

Authorized collateral in lieu of a corporate surety bond includes:

- United States Government Treasury bills, Treasury notes, Treasury bonds;
- Issues of United States government agencies and instrumentalities as quoted by a recognized industry quotation service available to the government entity;
- A general obligation of a state or local government, with taxing powers, rated "A" or better;
- A revenue obligation of a state or local government, with taxing powers, rated "AA" or better;
- Unrated general obligation securities of a local government, with taxing powers, pledged as collateral against funds deposited by that same local government entity;
- Irrevocable standby letter of credit issued by a Federal Home Loan Bank accompanied by written evidence that the Federal Home Loan Bank's public debt is rated "AA" or better by Moody's or Standard and Poor's; or
- Time deposits insured by any federal agency.

NOTE 3 DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS (Continued)

3.A. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Deposits (Continued)

Minnesota Statutes require that all collateral shall be placed in safekeeping in a restricted account at a Federal Reserve Bank, or in an account at a trust department of a commercial bank or other financial institution that is not owned or controlled by the financial institution furnishing the collateral. The selection should be approved by the City.

At December 31, 2018, the City's deposits were not exposed to custodial credit risk. The City's deposits were sufficiently covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held by the City's agent in the City's name.

At December 31, 2018, the City has the following deposits:

Cash in Checking and Savings Accounts	\$	837,504
Money Market Savings Accounts		6,393,222
T-4-1 Comming Associate Deliver	ø	7 220 726
Total Carrying Amount of Deposits Balance	<u> </u>	7,230,726

Investments

The City may also invest idle funds as authorized by Minnesota Statutes as follows: direct obligations guaranteed by the United States or its agencies; shares of investment companies registered under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940 that received the highest credit rating, are rated in one of the two highest rating categories by a statistical rating agency, and all of the investments have a final maturity of 13 months or less; general obligations rated "A" or better; revenue obligations rated "AA" or better; general obligations of the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency rated "A" or better; bankers' acceptances of United States banks eligible for purchase by the Federal Reserve System; commercial paper issued by United States corporations or their Canadian subsidiaries, rated of the highest quality category by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies, and maturing in 270 days or less; Guaranteed Investment Contracts guaranteed by a United States commercial bank, domestic branch of a foreign bank, or a United States insurance company, and with a credit quality in one of the top two highest categories; repurchase or reverse purchase agreements and securities lending agreements with financial institutions qualified as a "depository" by the government entity, with banks that are members of the Federal Reserve System with capitalization exceeding \$10,000,000, a primary reporting dealer in U.S. government securities to the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, or certain Minnesota securities broker-dealers. The City does not have any investment policies that would further limit investment choices.

Investment balances at December 31, 2018 are as follows:

Type of Investments	Interest Rate	Credit Rating	Segmented Time Distribution	_	Fair Value	Percent of Total
Money Market Funds	N/A	Aaa, AAA	Less than 1 year	\$	37,204	1.83
U.S. Government Mortgage Securities	N/A	N/A	N/A		1,118,657	55.09
U.S. Government Securities	N/A	N/A	N/A		874,734	43.08
Total Investments				\$	2,030,595	100.00

NOTE 3 DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS (Continued)

3.A. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

The investments of the City are subject to the following risks:

- <u>Credit risk</u> is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Ratings are provided by various credit rating agencies and where applicable, indicate associated credit risk as indicated in the table on the previous page. Minnesota Statutes limit the City's investments.
- <u>Custodial credit risk</u> is the risk that in the event of a failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City does not have a formal investment policy to address custodial credit risk but typically limits its exposure by purchasing insured or registered investments. At December 31, 2018, none of the underlying securities held by the City are subject to custodial credit risk because they are insured by the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC).
- <u>Concentration risk</u> is the risk associated with investing a significant portion of the City's investments (considered 5 percent or more) in the securities of a single issuer, excluding U.S. guaranteed investments (such as treasuries), investment pools and mutual funds. The City has no formal policy limiting the amounts that may be invested in any one issuer.
- <u>Interest rate risk</u> is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The City has no formal policy to address interest rate risk.

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The City has the following recurring fair value measurements as of December 31, 2018:

• U.S. Government securities of \$874,734, U.S. Government mortgage securities of \$1,118,657, and money market funds of \$37,204 are valued by using quoted market prices (level 1).

Deposits and Investments Summary

The following is a summary of total cash, cash equivalents and investments:

Carrying Amount of Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments	<u> </u>	7,230,726 2,030,595
Total Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments	\$	9,261,321

NOTE 3 DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS (Continued)

3.A. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Deposits and Investments Summary (Continued)

A reconciliation of cash, cash equivalents and investments are as follows:

Governmental Funds	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 4,258,480
Investments	 1,261,264
	5,519,744
Proprietary Funds	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	2,972,246
Investments	 769,331
	 3,741,577
Total Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments	\$ 9,261,321

NOTE 3 DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS (Continued)

3.B. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2018 is as follows:

	Balance at 01/01/18	Additions	Disposals	Transfers	Balance at 12/31/18		
Governmental Activities:							
Capital Assets not Being							
Depreciated							
Land	\$ 350,826	\$ -	\$ 10,502	\$ -	\$ 340,324		
Construction In Progress	81,507	1,883,288			1,964,795		
Total Capital Assets not Being							
Depreciated	432,333	1,883,288	10,502	-	2,305,119		
Capital Assets Being							
Depreciated							
Buildings	2,336,271	42,746	-	-	2,379,017		
Infrastructure	7,198,228	-	-	-	7,198,228		
Improvements	375,190	103,140	-	-	478,330		
Equipment	723,375	118,804	39,076	(12,500)	790,603		
Vehicles	1,694,745	35,683	5,300	12,500	1,737,628		
Total Capital Assets Being							
Depreciated	12,327,809	300,373	44,376	-	12,583,806		
Less: Accumulated Depreciation							
Buildings	1,133,772	57,462	-	-	1,191,234		
Infrastructure	2,132,440	272,727	-	-	2,405,167		
Improvements	324,693	6,998	-	-	331,691		
Equipment	448,658	26,787	39,076	(2,734)	433,635		
Vehicles	1,038,330	113,644	1,491	2,734	1,153,217		
Total Accumulated							
Depreciation	5,077,893	477,618	40,567		5,514,944		
Total Capital Assets Being							
Depreciated, Net	7,249,916	(177,245)	3,809		7,068,862		
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 7,682,249	\$ 1,706,043	\$ 14,311	\$ -	\$ 9,373,981		
Depreciation is charged to government	al activities as fo	llows:					
General Government		\$ 32,535					
Pool		13,793					
Parks and Recreation		13,757					
Police		6,094					
Public Works		302,243					
Fire		109,196					
Total Depreciation Expense		\$ 477,618					

NOTE 3 DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS (Continued)

3.B. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

		lance at 1/01/18	Additions Disposals		Transfers	Balance at 12/31/18		
Business-Type Activities:	,							
Capital Assets not Being								
Depreciated								
Land	\$	41,262	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 41,262
Capital Assets Being								
Depreciated								
Buildings		203,773		-	-		-	203,773
Infrastructure	4	1,764,992		-	-		-	4,764,992
Lagoons		1,918,257		=	-		-	1,918,257
Improvements		12,334		-	-		-	12,334
Lift Stations		352,394		=	-		-	352,394
Equipment		488,640		22,788	-		(101,500)	409,928
Vehicles		78,500		-	 		101,500	 180,000
Total Capital Assets Being								
Depreciated	,	7,818,890		22,788	-		-	7,841,678
Less: Accumulated Depreciation								
Buildings		154,736		4,214	-		-	158,950
Infrastructure		1,888,660		123,373	-		-	2,012,033
Lagoons		1,022,911		31,971	-		-	1,054,882
Improvements		12,334		-	-		-	12,334
Lift Stations		142,604		7,048	-		-	149,652
Equipment		348,457		23,679	-		(56,671)	315,465
Vehicles		43,829		18,000	<u>-</u>		56,671	 118,500
Total Accumulated								
Depreciation		3,613,531	_	208,285	 		<u>-</u>	 3,821,816
Total Capital Assets Being								
Depreciated, Net	2	4,205,359		(185,497)	-		_	4,019,862
-						-		
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 4	4,246,621	\$	(185,497)	\$ 	\$		\$ 4,061,124

3.C. ACCRUED SEVERANCE

Full time employees of the City are entitled to a percentage of their unused sick leave (maximum 1,240 hours) as severance at the time of their retirement. The percentages vary based on years of service with the City and are calculated using their current rate of pay. There are currently nine full time employees who qualify for the benefit.

See Note 3.D. for changes in accrued severance.

NOTE 3 DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS (Continued)

3.D. NONCURRENT LIABILITIES

Debt Detail

As of December 31, 2018, the long-term debt of the financial reporting entity, excluding the bond premium of \$78,144, consists of the following:

Governmental Activities

General Obligation Bonds										
	Issue		Original	Annual	Interest	Maturity	F	Remaining		
Type of Debt	Date		Amount	Payment	Rate(s)	Date		Amount		
2011A General Improvement Bond	11/11	\$	1,320,000	\$75,000-\$105,000	1.00-4.00%	02/28	\$	925,000		
2012A Crossover Refunding Bond	03/12	\$	2,875,000	\$265,000-\$315,000	2.00-2.20%	02/25		2,065,000		
2015A General Improvement Bond	08/15	\$	995,000	\$30,000-\$75,000	3.00-3.25%	02/31		895,000		
2018A General Improvement Bond	08/18	\$	2,340,000	\$20,000-\$330,000	3.00-3.25%	02/34	_	2,340,000		
		To	tal Governm	ental Activities Bond	s Payable			6,225,000		
		Bo	nds Due Wit	thin One Year				415,000		
		Bo	nds Due Aft	er One Year			\$	5,810,000		

All bonds are direct obligations of the City and pledge the full faith and credit of the City.

Changes in Noncurrent Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in noncurrent liabilities, excluding the net pension liability, for the year ended December 31, 2018:

Type of Debt		Balance 1/1/18		Additions		Deductions	Balance 12/31/18	Amounts Due Within One Year		
Governmental Activities:										
General Obligation Bonds Crossover Refunding Bond Unamortized Bond Premium Accrued Severance	\$	1,970,000 2,340,000 72,536 26,432	\$	2,340,000 - 14,116 3,975	\$	(150,000) (275,000) (8,508)	\$ 4,160,000 2,065,000 78,144 30,407	\$	135,000 280,000 - -	
Total	\$	4,408,968	\$	2,358,091	\$	(433,508)	\$ 6,333,551	\$	415,000	
Business-Type Activities: Accrued Severance	<u>\$</u>	45,598	\$	3,566	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 49,164	\$	<u>-</u>	

Governmental activity debt is typically funded through the Debt Service Funds. Accrued severance is funded through the funds to which the respective employees' wages are allocated.

NOTE 3 DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS (Continued)

3.D. NONCURRENT LIABILITIES (Continued)

Annual Debt Service Requirements

At December 31, 2018, the estimated annual debt service requirements to maturity, including principal and interest, and excluding accrued severance and net pension liability are as follows:

	Governmental-	Туре	Activities								
Years Ending	 G.O. Bonds										
December 31,	 Principal		Interest	Total							
2019	\$ 415,000	\$	164,734	\$	579,734						
2020	440,000		156,498		596,498						
2021	460,000		146,272		606,272						
2022	470,000		135,525		605,525						
2023	480,000		124,430		604,430						
2024-2028	2,180,000		438,541		2,618,541						
2029-2033	1,575,000		138,113		1,713,113						
Thereafter	 205,000		3,331		208,331						
Totals	\$ 6,225,000	\$	1,307,444	\$	7,532,444						

Interest expense totals \$128,988 in the Statement of Activities (included in Debt Service line). Interest expense totals \$103,580 for the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds (included in the line Interest and Other Charges).

3.E. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES

Operating transfers consist of the following for the year ended December 31, 2018:

			Transfers In									
			M	Major Fund Nonmajor Funds								
	Transfers		2018		2014 Capital		2016 Capital		Equipment			
Major Funds		Out	Im	provement	Imp	rovement	Im	provement		Fund		Total
General	\$	176,550	\$	-	\$	2,050	\$	-	\$	174,500	\$	176,550
2018 Capital Improvement		76,500		-		-		-		76,500		76,500
Water		641,000		570,000		-		71,000		-		641,000
Sewer		476,000		405,000		_		71,000				476,000
	\$	1,370,050	\$	975,000	\$	2,050	\$	142,000	\$	251,000	\$	1,370,050

Transfers are used to (a) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget require to expend them and to (b) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

NOTE 3 DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS (Continued)

3.E. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES (Continued)

The interfund balances are as follows:

Short Term Bu	lances			
Due To Fund	Due From Fund		Amount	Reason
2008 Improvement Bond Fund	Water Fund	\$	20,000	Current portion of loan repayment
2015 Improvement Bond Fund	Water Fund		10,000	Current portion of loan repayment
2008 Improvement Bond Fund	Sewer Fund		20,000	Current portion of loan repayment
2015 Improvement Bond Fund	Sewer Fund		10,000	Current portion of loan repayment
Total Short-Term Interfund Balance			60,000	
Long-Term Bal	lances			
Advance From Fund	Advance to Fund	<u>—</u>		
2008 Improvement Bond Fund	Water Fund		80,000	Long-term interfund loan
2015 Improvement Bond Fund	Water Fund		107,877	Long-term interfund loan
2018 Capital Improvement Fund	Water Fund		570,000	Long-term interfund loan
2008 Improvement Bond Fund	Sewer Fund		80,000	Long-term interfund loan
2015 Improvement Bond Fund	Sewer Fund		107,877	Long-term interfund loan
2018 Capital Improvement Fund	Sewer Fund		405,000	Long-term interfund loan
Total Long-Term Interfund Balance			1,350,754	
Total Interfund Balances			1,410,754	
Government Fund Elimination				
Government-wide Internal Balances		\$	1,410,754	

It is the City's intent to remit \$20,000 per year to the 2008 Improvement Bond Fund and \$10,000 per year to the 2015 Improvement Bond Fund from both the Water Fund and Sewer Funds. The City also intends to remit \$38,000 per year from the Water Fund and \$27,000 per year from the Sewer Fund to the 2018 Capital Improvement Fund.

NOTE 3 DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS (Continued)

3.F. FUND EQUITY

At December 31, 2018, governmental fund equity consists of the following:

General Fund	
Nonspendable - Prepaids	\$ 31,024
Assigned	506,463
Unassigned	 2,229,413
Total General Fund Balance	\$ 2,766,900
Fire Service Fund	
Nonspendable - Prepaids	\$ 13,001
Assigned	 608,964
Total Fire Service Fund Balance	\$ 621,965
2008 Improvement Bond Fund	
Nonspendable - Advances to Other Funds	\$ 160,000
Restricted	 503,636
Total 2008 Improvement Bond Fund Balance	\$ 663,636
2011 Improvement Bond Fund	
Restricted	\$ 257,272
2018 Capital Improvement Fund	
Nonspendable - Advances to Other Funds	\$ 975,000
Assigned	 445,751
Total 2018 Capital Improvement Fund Balance	\$ 1,420,751
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Nonspendable - Prepaids	\$ 3,518
Nonspendable - Advances to Other Funds	215,754
Restricted for 2015 Improvement Bond Fund	263,971
Restricted for TIF District 1-8	8,854
Restricted for TIF District 1-9	18,145
Restricted for Revolving Loan Fund	75,379
Restricted for Small Cities Development Grant Fund	110,395
Assigned for Swimming Pool Fund	389,406
Assigned for EDA Fund	35,954
Assigned for Equipment Fund	120,799
Assigned for 2016 Capital Improvement Fund	 1,842
Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds Balance	\$ 1,244,017

NOTE 4 OTHER NOTES

4.A. EMPLOYEE DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - STATEWIDE

Plan Description

The City participates in the following cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota (PERA). PERA's defined benefit pension plans are established and administered in accordance with *Minnesota Statutes*, Chapters 353 and 356. PERA's defined benefit pension plans are tax qualified plans under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

General Employees Retirement Plan (General Employees Plan; accounted for in the General Employees Fund)

All full-time and certain part-time employees of the City of Foley are covered by the General Employees Plan. General Employees Plan members belong to the Coordinated Plan members are covered by Social Security.

Public Employees Police and Fire Plan (Police and Fire Plan; accounted for in the Police and Fire Fund)

The Police and Fire Plan, originally established for police officers and firefighters not covered by a local relief association, now covers all police officers and firefighters hired since 1980. Effective July 1, 1999, the Police and Fire Plan also covers police officers and firefighters belonging to local relief associations that elected to merge with and transfer assets and administration to PERA.

Benefits Provided

PERA provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Benefit provisions are established by State Statute and can only be modified by the State Legislature. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits, but are not receiving them yet, are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service.

General Employees Plan Benefits

General Employees Plan Benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five successive years of allowable service, age and years of credit at termination of service. Two methods are used to compute benefits for PERA's Coordinated Plan members. Members hired prior to July 1, 1989 receive the higher of Method 1 or Method 2 formulas. Only Method 2 is used for members hired after June 30, 1989. Under Method 1, the accrual rate for Coordinated Plan members is 1.20 percent of average salary for each of the first ten years of service and 1.70 percent of average salary for each additional year. Under Method 2, the accrual rate for Coordinated Plan members is 1.70 percent of average salary for all years of service. For members hired prior to July 1, 1989, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90 and normal retirement age is 65. For members hired on or after July 1, 1989, normal retirement age is the age for unreduced Social Security benefits capped at 66.

Benefit increases are provided to benefit recipients each January. Increases are related to the funding ratio of the plan. If the General Employees Plan is at least 90 percent funded for two consecutive years, benefit recipients are given a 2.5 percent increase. If the plan has not exceeded 90 percent funded, or have fallen below 80 percent, benefit recipients are given a one percent increase. A benefit recipient who has been receiving a benefit for at least 12 full months as of June 30, will receive a full increase. Members receiving benefits for at least one month but less than 12 full months as of June 30, will receive a pro rata increase.

Police and Fire Plan Benefits

Benefits for Police and Fire Plan members first hired after June 30, 2010, but before July 1, 2014, vest on a prorated basis from 50 percent after five years up to 100 percent after ten years of credited service. Benefits for Police and Fire Plan members first hired after June 30, 2014 vest on a prorated basis from 50 percent after ten years up to 100 percent after twenty years of credited service. The annuity accrual rate is 3 percent of average salary for each year of service. A full, unreduced pension is earned when members are age 55 and vested, or for members who were first hired prior to July 1, 1989, when age plus years of service equal at least 90.

NOTE 4 OTHER NOTES (Continued)

4.A. EMPLOYEE DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - STATEWIDE (Continued)

Benefits Provided (Continued)

Police and Fire Plan Benefits (Continued)

Benefit increases are provided to benefit recipients each January. Police and Fire Plan benefit recipients receive a future annual 1.0 percent increase. An annual adjustment will equal 2.5 percent any time the plan exceeds a 90.0 percent funded ratio for two consecutive years. If the adjustment is increased to 2.5 percent and the funded ratio falls below 80.0 percent for one year or 85.0 percent for two consecutive years, the post-retirement benefit increase will be lowered to one percent. A benefit recipient who has been receiving a benefit for at least twelve full months as of June 30 will receive a full increase. Members receiving benefits for at least one month but less than twelve full months as of June 30 will receive a pro rata increase. For retirements after May 31, 2014, the first increase will be delayed two years.

Contributions

Minnesota Statutes Chapter 353 sets the rates for employer and employee contributions. Contribution rates can only be modified by the State Legislature.

General Employees Fund Contributions

Coordinated Plan members were required to contribute 6.50 percent of their annual covered salary in fiscal year 2018 and the City was required to contribute 7.50 percent for Coordinated Plan members. The City's contributions to the General Employees Fund for the year ended December 31, 2018, were \$30,382. The City's contributions were equal to the required contributions as set by State Statute.

Police and Fire Fund Contributions

Plan members were required to contribute 10.80 percent of their annual covered salary and the City was required to contribute 16.20 percent of pay for members in fiscal year 2018. The City's contributions to the Police and Fire Fund for the year ended December 31, 2018, were \$35,956. The City's contributions were equal to the required contributions as set by State Statute.

Pension Costs

General Employees Fund Pension Costs

At December 31, 2018, the City reported a liability of \$321,760 for its proportionate share of the General Employees Fund's net pension liability. The City's net pension liability reflected a reduction due to the State of Minnesota's contribution of \$16 million to the fund in 2018. The State of Minnesota is considered a non-employer contributing entity and the state's contribution meets the definition of a special funding situation. The State of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the City totaled \$10,571. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2017, through June 30, 2018, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. At June 30, 2018, the City's proportionate share was 0.0058 percent which was an increase of 0.0002 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

NOTE 4 OTHER NOTES (Continued)

4.A. EMPLOYEE DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - STATEWIDE (Continued)

Pension Costs (Continued)

General Employees Fund Pension Costs (Continued)

For the year ended December 31, 2018, the City recognized pension expense of \$21,852 for its proportionate share of the General Employees Plan's pension expense. In addition, the City recognized an additional \$2,465 as pension expense (and grant revenue) for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's contribution of \$16 million to the General Employees Fund.

At December 31, 2018, the City reported its proportionate share of the General Employees Plan's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 d Outflows of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences Between Expected	 		
and Actual Economic Experience	\$ 8,236	\$	9,546
Change in Actuarial Assumptions	31,266		35,299
Difference Between Projected			
and Actual Investment Earnings	-		30,543
Changes in Proportionate Share	9,576		20,848
Contributions Paid to PERA Subsequent			
to the Measurement Date	 15,317		
Total City Deferred Outflows/Inflows	\$ 64,395	\$	96,236

A total of \$15,317 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended				
December 31,	Pension Expense			
2019	\$	1,110		
2020	\$	(19,179)		
2021	\$	(22,374)		
2022	\$	(6,715)		

Police and Fire Fund Pension Costs

At December 31, 2018, the City reported a liability of \$222,772 for its proportionate share of the Police and Fire Fund's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2017, through June 30, 2018, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. At June 30, 2018, the City's proportionate share was 0.0209 percent which was an increase of 0.0039 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

NOTE 4 OTHER NOTES (Continued)

4.A. EMPLOYEE DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - STATEWIDE (Continued)

Pension Costs (Continued)

Police and Fire Fund Pension Costs (Continued)

The City also recognized \$1,881 for the year ended December 31, 2018, as revenue and an offsetting reduction of net pension liability for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's on-behalf contributions to the Police and Fire Fund. Legislation passed in 2013 required the State of Minnesota to begin contributing \$9 million to the Police and Fire Fund each year, starting in fiscal year 2014.

For the year ended December 31, 2018, the City recognized pension expense of \$28,955 for its proportionate share of the Police and Fire Plan's pension expense.

At December 31, 2018, the City reported its proportionate share of the Police and Fire Plan's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences Between Expected		esources		esources
and Actual Economic Experience	\$	8,010	\$	49,683
Change in Actuarial Assumptions		251,782		268,145
Difference Between Projected				
and Actual Investment Earnings		-		39,477
Changes in Proportionate Share		47,479		53,509
Contributions Paid to PERA Subsequent				
to the Measurement Date		16,750		
Total City Deferred Outflows/Inflows	\$	324,021	\$	410,814

A total of \$16,750 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended		
December 31,	Pensi	on Expense
2019	\$	1,032
2020	\$	(8,372)
2021	\$	(25,208)
2022	\$	(79,035)
2023	\$	8,040

NOTE 4 OTHER NOTES (Continued)

4.A. EMPLOYEE DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - STATEWIDE (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using an individual entry-age normal actuarial cost method and the following actuarial assumptions:

Assumptions	Rates
Inflation	2.50% per year
Active Member Payroll Growth	3.25% per year
Investment Rate of Return	7.50%

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members, retirees, survivors and disabilitants were based on RP-2014 tables for males or females, as appropriate, with slight adjustments to fit PERA's experience. Cost of living benefit increases after retirement for retirees are assumed to be 1.25 percent per year for the General Employees Plan and 1.0 percent per year for the Police and Fire Plan.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience studies. The most recent six-year experience study in the General Employees Plan was completed in 2015. The most recent four-year experience study for Police and Fire Plan was completed in 2016.

The following changes in actuarial assumptions occurred in 2018:

General Employees Fund

- The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2015 to MP-2017.
- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase was changed from 1.0 percent per year through 2044 and 2.50 percent per year thereafter to 1.25 percent per year.

Police and Fire Fund

- The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2016 to MP-2017.
- As set by statute, the assumed post-retirement benefit increase was changed from 1.0 percent per year through 2064 and 2.5 percent per year, thereafter, to 1.0 percent for all years, with no trigger.

The State Board of Investment, which manages the investments of PERA, prepares an analysis of the reasonableness on a regular basis of the long-term expected rate of return using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce an expected long-term rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Stocks	36%	5.10%
International Stocks	17%	5.30%
Bonds (Fixed Income)	20%	0.75%
Alternative Assets (Private Markets)	25%	5.90%
Cash	2%	0.00%

NOTE 4 OTHER NOTES (Continued)

4.A. EMPLOYEE DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - STATEWIDE (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability in 2018 was 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at rates set in Minnesota Statutes. Based on these assumptions, the fiduciary net positions of the General Employees Fund and Police and Fire Fund were projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Pension Liability Sensitivity

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for all plans it participates in, calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

-	General Employees Fund			Police and Fire Fund		
1% Increase in Discount Rate	8.50%	\$	155,724	8.50%	\$	12,009
Current Discount Rate	7.50%	\$	321,760	7.50%	\$	222,772
1% Decrease in Discount Rate	6.50%	\$	522,902	6.50%	\$	477,638

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued PERA financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at www.mnpera.org.

4.B. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – FIRE RELIEF ASSOCIATION

Plan Description

Firefighters of the City of Foley are members of the Foley Fire Relief Association. The Association is the administrator of a single-employer defined benefit pension plan available to firefighters. The plan operates under the provisions of Minnesota laws 1965 Ch. 446 as amended, and the applicable provisions of *Minnesota Statute* Chs. 69 and 424 and 424A. It is governed by a Board of Trustees consisting of six members elected by the members of the Association, and the Mayor, the City Administrator and Fire Chief, who serve as ex-officio members of the Board.

Benefits Provided

After the age of 50 and upon retirement, each member who has served as an active firefighter in the Association is eligible for varying levels of pension benefits, dependent upon the individual's years of service. In addition, members or their beneficiaries may qualify for death or disability benefits.

NOTE 4 OTHER NOTES (Continued)

4.B. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - FIRE RELIEF ASSOCIATION (Continued)

Contributions

The Volunteer Firefighter's Relief Association Financing Guidelines Act of 1971 (Chapter 261 as amended by Chapter 509 of Minnesota Statute 1980) specifies minimum contributions required on an annual basis. The minimum support rates from the municipality and state aid are determined in the amount required to meet the normal cost plus amortizing any existing prior year service costs over a 10-year period. The City's contributions to the Association for the year ended December 31, 2018 total \$7,500.

Pension Costs

At December 31, 2018, the City of Foley reported a net pension asset of \$243,544 for the Fire Relief Association's plan. The net pension asset was measured as of December 31, 2017, as determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

For the year ended December 31, 2018, the City recognized pension expense of \$41,036 for the Association. The City also recognized \$51,416 for the year ended December 31, 2018, as pension expense (and grant revenue) for the State of Minnesota's contributions to the Association.

The following table presents the changes in net pension asset during the year:

	al Pension	Fiduciary et Position	Net Pension Liability (Asset)	
Beginning Balance 12/31/16	\$ 517,148	\$ 743,270	\$	(226,122)
Service Cost	25,324	-		25,324
Interest on Pension Liability	25,767	-		25,767
Plan Changes	85,072	_		85,072
Projected Investment Income	-	36,691		(36,691)
Contributions (Employer)	-	12,720		(12,720)
Contributions (State)	-	51,416		(51,416)
Asset (Gain)/Loss	-	58,568		(58,568)
Administrative Fee	<u>-</u>	(5,810)		5,810
Net Changes	 136,163	 153,585		(17,422)
Balance End of Year 12/31/17	\$ 653,311	\$ 896,855	\$	(243,544)

NOTE 4 OTHER NOTES (Continued)

4.B. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - FIRE RELIEF ASSOCIATION (Continued)

Pension Costs (Continued)

At December 31, 2018, the City of Foley reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to the pension from the following sources:

	 Outflows of sources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences Between Expected	 _			
and Actual Economic Experience	\$ -	\$	42,421	
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions	9,209		-	
Difference Between Projected				
and Actual Investment Earnings	=		12,205	
Contributions Paid to PERA Subsequent				
to the Measurement Date	 7,500			
Total City Deferred Outflows/Inflows	\$ 16,709	\$	54,626	

A total of \$7,500 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the pension resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an addition to the net pension asset in the year ended December 31, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to the pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended		
December 31,	Pens	ion Expense
2019	\$	908
2020	\$	(1,116)
2021	\$	(10,248)
2022	\$	(15,035)
2023	\$	(3,321)
2024 - 2028	\$	(16,605)

Actuarial Assumptions

The net pension asset at December 31, 2017 was determined using the entry age normal actuarial cost method and the following actuarial assumptions:

Assumptions	Rates
Investment Rate of Return (Discount)	4.75%
Expected Long-Term Rate of Return	4.75%
20-Year Municipal Bond Yield	3.50%
Salary Increases	2.50%
Cost of Living Increases	0.00%

The following change in actuarial assumptions occurred in 2017:

• A benefit level increase from \$3,200 to \$3,700 was reflected in the active liability.

NOTE 4 OTHER NOTES (Continued)

4.B. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – FIRE RELIEF ASSOCIATION (Continued)

Pension Liability Sensitivity

The following presents the City's net pension asset for the Fire Relief Association's plan, calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what the City's net pension asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate one percent lower or one percent higher than the current discount rate:

		19	% Increase in			
	ınt Rate (3.75%)	3.75%) Discount Rate (4.75%)			ount Rate (5.75%)	
Net Pension Asset	\$	(227,576)	\$	(243,544)	\$	(258,688)

Plan Investments

Asset Allocation

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 4.75 percent. The asset allocation at the measurement date and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class of the Association's pension fund investments are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Portfolio Weight	Real Rate of Return
Cash	14%	2.25%
Fixed Income	45%	3.30%
Equities	39%	7.50%
Other	2%	6.00%

Description of significant investment policy changes during the year

The Fire Relief Association made no significant changes to their investment policy during fiscal year 2018.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by contacting the City at 251 4th Avenue N, P.O. Box 709, Foley, MN 56329.

4.C. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. To manage these risks, the City purchases commercial insurance. The City retains risk for the deductible portions of the insurance. The amounts of these deductibles are considered immaterial to the financial statements. There were no significant reductions in insurance from the previous year settlements in excess of insurance for any of the past two years.

Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities, if any, include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported. The City's management is not aware of any incurred but not reported claims.

NOTE 4 OTHER NOTES (Continued)

4.D. TAX INCREMENT FINANCING DISTRICT

The City occasionally enters into tax increment financing arrangements with local businesses, for the purpose of stimulating economic growth within the City. Eligibility for businesses seeking tax abatements of this nature is determined in accordance the applicable Minnesota Statutes, and such arrangements generally include a commitment by the local business to use the abated funds for financing a development or redevelopment project. Any tax increment generated by the district and not retained by the City for administrative costs is returned to the business to finance the debt incurred for the related improvements.

The following is a summary of the City's current tax increment financing districts:

Name of District: Business Name: Purpose:	Housing District #1-8 Prairie Cottages Assisted Living Project Housing						
Authorizing Law:	MN Statutes Sections 469.174						
Year Established:	2012						
Duration of District:	25 Years						
Original Base Net Tax Capacity:	\$ 3,200						
Current Net Tax Capacity:	\$ 4,603						
Captured Net Tax Capacity:							
Retained by City	\$ 1,403						
Shared with Other Taxing Districts	<u>\$</u>						
Taxes Abated in 2018:	<u>\$ -</u>						
Name of District:	Economic Development District #1-9						
Name of District: Business Name:	Silt Sock, Inc.						
Business Name: Purpose:	Silt Sock, Inc. Economic Development						
Business Name: Purpose: Authorizing Law:	Silt Sock, Inc. Economic Development MN Statutes Sections 469.174, Subd. 12						
Business Name: Purpose: Authorizing Law: Year Established:	Silt Sock, Inc. Economic Development MN Statutes Sections 469.174, Subd. 12 2018						
Business Name: Purpose: Authorizing Law:	Silt Sock, Inc. Economic Development MN Statutes Sections 469.174, Subd. 12						
Business Name: Purpose: Authorizing Law: Year Established:	Silt Sock, Inc. Economic Development MN Statutes Sections 469.174, Subd. 12 2018						
Business Name: Purpose: Authorizing Law: Year Established: Duration of District:	Silt Sock, Inc. Economic Development MN Statutes Sections 469.174, Subd. 12 2018 20 Years						
Business Name: Purpose: Authorizing Law: Year Established: Duration of District: Original Base Net Tax Capacity: Current Net Tax Capacity: Captured Net Tax Capacity:	Silt Sock, Inc. Economic Development MN Statutes Sections 469.174, Subd. 12 2018 20 Years \$ 5,576 \$ 42,697						
Business Name: Purpose: Authorizing Law: Year Established: Duration of District: Original Base Net Tax Capacity: Current Net Tax Capacity:	Silt Sock, Inc. Economic Development MN Statutes Sections 469.174, Subd. 12 2018 20 Years \$ 5,576 \$ 42,697						
Business Name: Purpose: Authorizing Law: Year Established: Duration of District: Original Base Net Tax Capacity: Current Net Tax Capacity: Captured Net Tax Capacity:	Silt Sock, Inc. Economic Development MN Statutes Sections 469.174, Subd. 12 2018 20 Years \$ 5,576 \$ 42,697						

4.E. COMMITMENTS

The City entered into a contract during the year for construction services. Remaining commitments under this contract at December 31, 2018 total \$359,069, not including retainage which has been accrued in the financial statements.

NOTE 4 OTHER NOTES (Continued)

4.F. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent to year end but prior to the issuance of these financial statements, the City approved the purchase of equipment in the amount of \$661,700.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF FOLEY, MINNESOTA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

DESCHIPCES (INEL OWS).	Budget Amounts- Original and Final	Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis	Variance with Budget Over (Under)
RESOURCES (INFLOWS):	\$ 545,211	\$ 550,647	\$ 5,436
Taxes	\$ 545,211 5,885	\$ 550,647 10,571	\$ 5,436 4,686
Special Assessments Franchise Fees	10,000		(432)
Licenses, Permits and Fees	24,800	60,524	35,724
Intergovernmental	804,689	843,516	38,827
Charges for Services	30,600	54,089	23,489
Fines	17,500	14,055	(3,445)
Investment Income	2,000	2,291	291
Miscellaneous	3,000	9,580	6,580
Sale of Assets	5,000	1,000	1,000
AMOUNTS AVAILABLE	1,443,685	1,555,841	112,156
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS): Current: General Government: City Clerk Council General Government	102,500 11,850 479,050	103,959 7,616 422,717	1,459 (4,234) (56,333)
Public Safety:	479,030	422,/1/	(30,333)
Police	349,900	340,123	(9,777)
Other	12,750	23,062	10,312
Public Works	216,510	222,383	5,873
Parks and Recreation	46,125	45,208	(917)
Economic Development	-	3,010	3,010
Capital Outlay	10,000	118,675	108,675
Transfers Out	215,000	176,550	(38,450)
TOTAL CHARGES	1,443,685	1,463,303	19,618
BUDGETARY CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ -	92,538	\$ 92,538
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING		2,674,362	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING		\$ 2,766,900	

CITY OF FOLEY, MINNESOTA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – FIRE SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Bud Amoi Origina Fin	unts- al and	A	Actual mounts udgetary Basis]	iance with Budget Over Under)
RESOURCES (INFLOWS):						
Taxes	\$ 7	79,060	\$	79,579	\$	519
Intergovernmental		3,000		55,434		52,434
Charges for Services	17	74,000		206,204		32,204
Investment Income		1,000		26		(974)
Miscellaneous				3,982		3,982
AMOUNTS AVAILABLE	25	57,060		345,225		88,165
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS):						
Current:						
Public Safety:						
Fire		76,060		199,228		23,168
Capital Outlay	8	31,000				(81,000)
TOTAL CHARGES	25	57,060		199,228		(57,832)
BUDGETARY CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$			145,997	\$	145,997
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING				475,968		
FUND BALANCE - ENDING			\$	621,965		

CITY OF FOLEY, MINNESOTA SCHEDULE OF CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY LAST TEN YEARS (Presented Prospectively)

For the Measurement Year Ended June 30,	City's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Sh No] (A	City's opportionate hare of the et Pension Liability Asset) (a)	I	State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Associated with the City (b)]	City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and the State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Associated with the City (a+b)		City's Covered Payroll (c)	City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll ((a+b)/c)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
General Employees 2018	Retirement Pension P 0.0058%		321,760	\$	10,571	Ф	222 222	¢	201 702	84.8%	79.5%
2018	0.0056%		357,500	\$	4,494	\$,	\$ \$	391,702 358,933	100.9%	75.9%
2016	0.0059%	•	479,051	\$	-	\$		\$	363,507	131.8%	68.9%
2015	0.0066%		342,046	\$	-	\$		\$	414,145	82.6%	78.2%
Public Employees I	Police and Fire Pension	n Plan									
2018	0.0209%	\$	222,772	\$	-	\$	222,772	\$	219,889	101.3%	88.8%
2017	0.0170%	\$	229,520	\$	-	\$	229,520	\$	174,019	131.9%	85.4%
2016	0.0190%	\$	762,503	\$	-	\$	762,503	\$	183,315	416.0%	63.9%
2015	0.0190%	\$	215,884	\$	-	\$	215,884	\$	172,478	125.2%	86.6%

Note: The schedule is provided prosepectively beginning with the City's fiscal year ended December 31, 2015 and is intended to show a ten year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

CITY OF FOLEY, MINNESOTA SCHEDULE OF CITY PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS

LAST TEN YEARS (Presented Prospectively)

For the Calendar Year Ended December 31,	ded Required		Contributions in Relation to the Statutorily Required Contribution			Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	City's Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
General Employees Re	tireme	nt Pension Plan						
2018	\$	30,382	\$	30,382	\$	-	\$ 405,096	7.5%
2017	\$	28,579	\$	28,579	\$	-	\$ 381,053	7.5%
2016	\$	25,976	\$	25,976	\$	-	\$ 346,347	7.5%
2015	\$	28,875	\$	28,875	\$	-	\$ 392,909	7.3%
Public Employees Polic	ce and	Fire Pension Plan						
2018	\$	35,956	\$	35,956	\$	-	\$ 221,951	16.2%
2017	\$	30,452	\$	30,452	\$	-	\$ 187,975	16.2%
2016	\$	29,329	\$	29,329	\$	-	\$ 181,043	16.2%
2015	\$	29,034	\$	29,034	\$	-	\$ 179,221	16.2%
Volunteer Fire Relief A	Associa	ation						
2018	\$	-	\$	7,500	\$	(7,500)	N/A	N/A
2017	\$	-	\$	7,500	\$	(7,500)	N/A	N/A
2016	\$	-	\$	7,500	\$	(7,500)	N/A	N/A
2015	\$	-	\$	7,500	\$	(7,500)	N/A	N/A

Note: The schedule is provided prosepectively beginning with the City's fiscal year ended December 31, 2015 and is intended to show a ten year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

CITY OF FOLEY, MINNESOTA SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) FIRE DEPARTMENT RELIEF ASSOCIATION

LAST TEN YEARS (Presented Prospectively)

	 2017	2016	2015
Changes in Total Pension Liability (TPL)	 _		
Balance at January 1st	\$ 517,148	\$ 500,316	\$ 451,715
Service Cost	25,324	27,648	28,458
Interest on the TPL	25,767	29,038	24,718
Assumption Changes	-	11,051	=
Plan Changes	85,072	-	-
Actuarial Experience (Gains)/Losses	-	(50,905)	-
Benefit Payments	 	 	 (4,575)
Balance at December 31st	\$ 653,311	\$ 517,148	\$ 500,316
Plan Fiduciary Net Position (PFNP)			
Balance at January 1st	\$ 743,270	\$ 670,255	\$ 626,807
Fire State Aid	51,416	51,569	50,835
Municipal Contributions	12,720	7,500	7,500
Projected Investment Income	36,691	38,472	35,937
Net Investment Income (Loss)	 58,568	 (23,936)	(45,659)
Total Additions	159,395	73,605	48,613
Benefit Payments	-	-	(4,575)
Administrative Expenses	 (5,810)	 (590)	 (590)
Total Reductions	(5,810)	(590)	(5,165)
Balance at December 31st	\$ 896,855	\$ 743,270	\$ 670,255
Net Pension Liability (Asset) - December 31st	\$ (243,544)	\$ (226,122)	\$ (169,939)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Asset	137%	144%	134%

CITY OF FOLEY, MINNESOTA NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION DECEMBER 31, 2018

NOTE 1 PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLAN – GENERAL EMPLOYEES FUND

2018 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

- The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2015 to MP-2017.
- The assumed benefit increase was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2044 and 2.50 percent per year thereafter to 1.25 percent per year.

2017 Changes

Changes in Plan Provisions:

• The State's special funding contribution increased from \$6 million to \$16 million.

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

- The Combined Service Annuity (CSA) loads were changed from 0.8 percent for active members and 60 percent for vested and non-vested deferred members. The revised CSA loads are now 0.0 percent for active member liability, 15.00 percent for vested deferred member liability and 3.00 percent for non-vested deferred member liability.
- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent per year for all years to 1.00 percent per year through 2044 and 2.50 percent per year thereafter.

2016 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2035 and 2.50 percent per year thereafter to 1.00 percent per year for all years.
- The assumed investment return was changed from 7.90 percent to 7.50 percent. The single discount rate was changed from 7.90 percent to 7.50 percent.
- Other assumptions were changed pursuant to the experience study dated June 30, 2015. The assumed future salary increases, payroll growth, and inflation were decreased by 0.25 percent to 3.25 percent for payroll growth and 2.50 percent for inflation.

2015 Changes

Changes in Plan Provisions:

• On January 1, 2015 the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund was merged into the General Employees Fund, which increased the total pension liability by \$1.1 billion and increased the fiduciary plan net position by \$892 million. Upon consolidation, state and employer contributions were revised; the State's contribution of \$6 million, which meets the special funding situation definition, is due September 2015.

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

• The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2030 and 2.50 percent per year thereafter to 1.00 percent per year through 2035 and 2.50 percent per year thereafter.

CITY OF FOLEY, MINNESOTA NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION DECEMBER 31, 2018

NOTE 2 PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLAN – POLICE AND FIRE FUND

2018 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

• The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2016 to MP-2017.

2017 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

- Assumed salary increases were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2016 experience study. The net effect is proposed rates that average 0.34 percent lower than the previous rates.
- Assumed rates of retirement were changed, resulting in fewer retirements.
- The Combined Service Annuity (CSA) load was 30 percent for vested and non-vested deferred members. The CSA has been changed to 33 percent for vested members and 2 percent for non-vested members.
- The base mortality table for healthy annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 fully generational table to the RP-2014 fully generational table (with a base year of 2006), with male rates adjusted by a factor of 0.96. The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale AA to Scale MP-2016. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 disabled mortality table to the mortality tables assumed for healthy retirees.
- Assumed termination rates were decreased to 3.0 percent for the first three years of service. Rates beyond the select period of three years were adjusted, resulting in more expected terminations overall.
- Assumed percentage of married female members was decreased from 65 percent to 60 percent.
- Assumed age difference was changed from separate assumptions for male members (wives assumed to be three years younger) and female members (husbands assumed to be four years older) to the assumption that males are two years older than females.
- The assumed percentage of female members electing Joint and Survivor annuities was increased.
- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent for all years to 1.00 percent per year through 2064 and 2.50 percent thereafter.
- The Single Discount Rate was changed from 5.60 percent per annum to 7.50 percent per annum.

2016 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2037 and 2.50 percent thereafter to 1.00 percent per year for all future years.
- The assumed investment return was changed from 7.90 percent to 7.50 percent. The single discount rate changed from 7.90 percent to 5.60 percent.
- The assumed future salary increases, payroll growth, and inflation were decreased by 0.25 percent to 3.25 percent for payroll growth and 2.50 percent for inflation.

2015 Changes

Changes in Plan Provisions:

• The post-retirement benefit increase to be paid after attainment of the 90 percent funding threshold was changed, from inflation up to 2.50 percent, to a fixed rate of 2.50 percent.

CITY OF FOLEY, MINNESOTA NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION DECEMBER 31, 2018

NOTE 2 PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLAN – POLICE AND FIRE FUND (Continued)

2015 Changes (Continued)

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

• The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2030 and 2.50 percent per year thereafter to 1.00 percent per year through 2037 and 2.50 percent per year thereafter.

NOTE 3 DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN – FIRE RELIEF ASSOCIATION

2017 Changes

Changes in Plan Provisions

• A benefit increase from \$3,200 to \$3,700 was reflected in the active liability.

2016 Changes

Changes in Assumption Changes

• The discount rate changed from 5.50 percent to 4.75 percent.

2015 Changes

There were no significant changes made to actuarial assumptions or plan provisions during 2015.



CITY OF FOLEY, MINNESOTA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET ALL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2018

		Nonmajor Debt Service Funds		Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds		Nonmajor pital Project Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
ASSETS									
Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments	\$	270,735	\$	610,667	\$	147,555	\$	1,028,957	
Property Taxes Receivable		565		1,173		-		1,738	
Assessments Receivable		101,710		-		-		101,710	
Notes Receivable		20.000		15,114		-		15,114	
Due From Other Funds Advance To Other Funds		20,000 215,754		-		-		20,000 215,754	
Prepaids		213,/34		3,518		_		3,518	
Toparas	-			3,310	-			3,310	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	608,764	\$	630,472	\$	147,555	\$	1,386,791	
LIABILITIES									
Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	24,914	\$	24,914	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable Revenue:									
Property Taxes		330		706		-		1,036	
Special Assessments		101,710		-		-		101,710	
Notes Receivable				15,114				15,114	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		102,040		15,820		-		117,860	
FUND BALANCES									
Nonspendable		215,754		3,518		-		219,272	
Restricted		290,970		185,774		-		476,744	
Assigned				425,360		122,641		548,001	
Total Fund Balance		506,724		614,652		122,641		1,244,017	
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$	608,764	\$	630,472	\$	147,555	\$	1,386,791	

CITY OF FOLEY, MINNESOTA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES ALL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Del	onmajor ot Service Funds	Nonmajor Special Reve Funds		Nonmajor Capital Project Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds			
REVENUES									
Taxes	\$	34,510	\$ 66,	373	\$ -	\$	100,883		
Tax Increment	*	71,793	,	_	-	,	71,793		
Special Assessments		12,663		_	_		12,663		
Intergovernmental		_		_	41,369		41,369		
Charges for Services		-	45,	132	48		45,180		
Investment Income		21		111	-		132		
Loan Repayment		-	2,	207	-		2,207		
Miscellaneous		_	4,	091	<u> </u>		4,091		
TOTAL REVENUES		118,987	117,	914	41,417		278,318		
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Parks and Recreation		-	85,	932	-		85,932		
Economic Development		671	2,	000	-		2,671		
Debt Service:									
Principal		70,000		-	-		70,000		
Interest and Other Charges		28,650					28,650		
Total Debt Service		98,650		-	-		98,650		
Capital Outlay					280,305		280,305		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		99,321	87,	932	280,305		467,558		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		19,666	29,	982	(238,888)		(189,240)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Operating Transfers In		_		_	395,050		395,050		
1 8	-			_			,		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		19,666	29,	982	156,162		205,810		
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING		487,058	584,	670	(33,521)		1,038,207		
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$	506,724	\$ 614,	652	\$ 122,641	\$	1,244,017		

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS – DEBT SERVICE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2018

		2015 provement and Fund	Sen	FIF 1-8 ior Prairie tages Fund		TIF 1-9 Sock, Inc. Fund	Total Nonmajor Debt Service Funds		
ASSETS									
Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments	\$	243,736	\$	8,854	\$	18,145	\$	270,735	
Property Taxes Receivable		565		-		-		565	
Assessments Receivable		101,710		-		-		101,710	
Due From Other Funds		20,000		-		-		20,000	
Advance To Other Funds		215,754		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		215,754	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 581,765		\$ 8,854		\$ 18,145		\$	608,764	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable Revenue:									
Property Taxes	\$	330	\$	-	\$	-	\$	330	
Special Assessments		101,710						101,710	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		102,040		-		-		102,040	
FUND BALANCES									
Nonspendable		215,754		-		-		215,754	
Restricted		263,971		8,854		18,145		290,970	
Total Fund Balance		479,725		8,854		18,145		506,724	
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
AND FUND BALANCES	\$	581,765	\$	8,854	\$	18,145	\$	608,764	

CITY OF FOLEY, MINNESOTA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS – DEBT SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Imp	2015 rovement nd Fund	TIF 1-8 Senior Prairie Cottages Fund	TIF 1-9 Silt Sock, Inc. Fund	Total Nonmajor Debt Service Funds
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$	34,510	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 34,510
Tax Increment		-	2,713	69,080	71,793
Special Assessments		12,663	-	-	12,663
Investment Income		21	-	-	21
TOTAL REVENUES		47,194	2,713	69,080	118,987
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Economic Development		-	479	192	671
Debt Service:					
Principal		70,000	-	-	70,000
Interest and Other Charges		28,650			28,650
Total Debt Service		98,650			98,650
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		98,650	479	192	99,321
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(51,456)	2,234	68,888	19,666
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING		531,181	6,620	(50,743)	487,058
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$	479,725	\$ 8,854	\$ 18,145	\$ 506,724

CITY OF FOLEY, MINNESOTA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS – SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2018

		Swimming Pool Fund	 Revolving Loan Fund	Small Cities Development Grant Fund	EDA Fund	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	
ASSETS Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments Property Taxes Receivable Notes Receivable Prepaids	\$	388,939 1,173 - 3,518	\$ 75,379 - 15,114	\$ 110,395 - -	\$ 35,954 - - -	\$	610,667 1,173 15,114 3,518
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$</u>	393,630	\$ 90,493	<u>\$ 110,395</u>	\$ 35,954	\$	630,472
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable Revenue: Property Taxes Notes Receivable	\$	706 -	\$ - 15,114	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$	706 15,114
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		706	15,114	-	-		15,820
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Total Fund Balance		3,518 - 389,406 392,924	 75,379 - 75,379	110,395 - 110,395	35,954 35,954		3,518 185,774 425,360 614,652
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	393,630	\$ 90,493	\$ 110,395	\$ 35,954	\$	630,472

CITY OF FOLEY, MINNESOTA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS – SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Swimming Pool Fund		Revolving Loan Fund		Small Cities Development Grant Fund		 EDA Fund	otal Nonmajor ecial Revenue Funds
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$	66,373	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 66,373
Charges for Services		45,132		-		-	-	45,132
Investment Income		45		23		35	8	111
Loan Repayment		-		2,207		-	-	2,207
Miscellaneous						4,091	 <u>-</u>	 4,091
TOTAL REVENUES		111,550		2,230		4,126	8	117,914
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Parks and Recreation		85,932		-		-	-	85,932
Economic Development				_		2,000		 2,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		85,932			_	2,000	 <u>-</u>	 87,932
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		25,618		2,230		2,126	8	29,982
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING		367,306		73,149		108,269	 35,946	 584,670
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$	392,924	\$	75,379	\$	110,395	\$ 35,954	\$ 614,652

CITY OF FOLEY, MINNESOTA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS – CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2018

	2014 Capital Improvement Equipment Fund Fund				Imp	6 Capital provement Fund	Total Nonmajor Capital Project Funds		
ASSETS Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments	\$		\$	145,713	\$	1,842	\$	147,555	
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$	24,914	\$	-	\$	24,914	
FUND BALANCES Assigned				120,799		1,842		122,641	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	_	\$	145,713	\$	1,842	\$	147,555	

CITY OF FOLEY, MINNESOTA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS – CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	2014 Capital Improvement Fund	Equipment Fund	2016 Capital Improvement Fund	Total Nonmajor Capital Project Funds
REVENUES Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 41,369	
Charges for Services TOTAL REVENUES		48	41,369	48 41,417
EXPENDITURES Capital Outlay	_	218,821	61,484	280,305
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES	-	(218,773)		(238,888)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Operating Transfers In	2,050	251,000	142,000	395,050
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	2,050	32,227	121,885	156,162
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	(2,050)	88,572	(120,043)	(33,521)
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$ -	\$ 120,799	\$ 1,842	\$ 122,641

CITY OF FOLEY, MINNESOTA SCHEDULE OF INDEBTEDNESS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018 (UNAUDITED)

	Issue Date	Interest Rate	Maturity Date	 Initial Authorized Issue	Putstanding Balance 01/01/18	Issued	 Paid	utstanding Balance 12/31/18	 Principal Due in 2019
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES General Obligation Bonds									
G.O. Improvement Bonds, Series 2011A G.O. Improvement Crossover Refunding Bonds, Series 2012A G.O. Bonds, Series 2015A G.O. Improvement Bonds, Series 2018A	11/1/2011 3/26/2012 8/4/2015 8/7/2018	1.00 - 4.00% 2.00 - 2.20% 3.00 - 3.25% 3.00 - 3.25%	2/1/2028 2/1/2025 2/1/2031 2/1/2034	\$ 1,320,000 2,875,000 995,000 2,340,000	\$ 1,005,000 2,340,000 965,000	\$ - 2,340,000	\$ 80,000 275,000 70,000	\$ 925,000 2,065,000 895,000 2,340,000	\$ 80,000 280,000 55,000
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITY DEBT				\$ 7,530,000	\$ 4,310,000	\$ 2,340,000	\$ 425,000	\$ 6,225,000	\$ 415,000





INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

May 30, 2019

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Foley, Minnesota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Foley, Minnesota (the City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 30, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Foley's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. However, as described in the accompanying *Schedule of Findings and Responses*, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be a material weakness and a significant deficiency.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We consider the following deficiency described in the accompanying *Schedule of Findings and Responses* to be a material weakness: 2012-001.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the following deficiency described in the accompanying *Schedule of Findings and Responses* to be a significant deficiency: 2012-002.

An Independently Owned Member, RSM US Alliance

www.swcocpas.com

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

City's Response to Findings

The City of Foley's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying *Schedule of Findings and Responses* and *Corrective Action Plans*. The City's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit preformed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

SCHLENNER WENNER & CO.

chlenne Wenner 4 Co.

St. Cloud, Minnesota



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON MINNESOTA LEGAL COMPLIANCE

May 30, 2019

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Foley, Minnesota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Foley, Minnesota (the City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 30, 2019.

The *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Cities*, promulgated by the State Auditor pursuant to Minnesota Statute Section 6.65, contains seven categories of compliance to be tested: contracting and bidding, deposits and investments, conflicts of interest, public indebtedness, claims and disbursements, miscellaneous provisions and tax increment financing. Our audit considered all of the listed categories.

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the City failed to comply with the provisions of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Cities*. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the City's noncompliance with the above referenced provisions.

This report is intended for the information and use of the City Council and management of the City of Foley and the State Auditor and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

SCHLENNER WENNER & CO.

chlenne Wenner 4 Co.

St. Cloud, Minnesota

CITY OF FOLEY, MINNESOTA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES DECEMBER 31, 2018

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

Finding 2012-001 Limited Segregation of Duties

Condition: The City has limited segregation of accounting duties.

Criteria: The basic premise of proper segregation of duties is that no one employee should have access to both

physical assets and the related accounting records or to all phases of the transaction.

Cause: There are a limited number of employees.

Effect: The City's lack of adequate segregation of accounting duties could adversely affect the City's ability

to initiate, record, process, and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in

the financial statements.

Recommendation: Although the number of employees may not be large enough to eliminate this deficiency, we

recommend that the City evaluate current procedures and segregate where possible and implement

compensating controls.

Views of Responsible Officials And Planned

Corrective Action: Management agrees with our recommendation. See corresponding Corrective Action Plan.

Finding 2012-002 Financial Statement Preparation

Condition: Schlenner Wenner & Co. drafted the audited financial statements and related footnote disclosures for

the City. These financial statements, including disclosures, were reviewed by management and

management has taken responsibility for them.

Criteria: Internal controls over financial reporting should be in place to provide for the preparation of financial

statements on an annual basis.

Cause: We believe management would require additional training in order to prepare the financial statements

internally.

Effect: The outsourcing of these services is not unusual in entities of the size of the City of Foley and is the

result of management's cost benefit decision to rely on our expertise rather than incurring this internal resource cost. However, errors can occur in the financial statements that may not be detected by

management.

Recommendation: We recommend that management continue to review a draft of the financial statements in detail for

accuracy. During review we recommend a disclosure checklist be utilized to ensure all required disclosures are presented and the City should agree the financial statement numbers to their accounting

software. The City may not have the ability to eliminate this finding.

Views of Responsible Officials And Planned

Corrective Action: Management agrees with our recommendation. See corresponding Corrective Action Plan.

CITY OF FOLEY, MINNESOTA CORRECTIVE ACTION PLANS DECEMBER 31, 2018

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

Finding 2012-001 Limited Segregation of Duties

1. Explanation of Disagreement with Audit Finding

There is no disagreement with the audit finding.

2. Actions Planned in Response to the Finding

The City will review current procedures and implement additional controls where possible.

3. Office Responsible

The City Administrator is the official responsible for ensuring corrective action.

4. <u>Planned Completion Date</u>

The Corrective Action Plan will be reviewed on an ongoing basis with no anticipated completion date.

5. Plan to Monitor Completion

The City Council will be monitoring this Corrective Action Plan.

Finding 2012-002 Financial Statement Preparation

1. Explanation of Disagreement with Audit Finding

There is no disagreement with the audit finding.

2. Actions Planned in Response to the Finding

The City may continue to have the auditor prepare the financial statements and will continue to document the annual review of the financial statements and related footnote disclosures. The City will revisit this decision on an ongoing, annual basis.

3. Office Responsible

The City Administrator is the official responsible for ensuring corrective action.

4. Planned Completion Date

The Corrective Action Plan will be reviewed on an ongoing basis with no anticipated completion date.

5. Plan to Monitor Completion

The City Council will be monitoring this Corrective Action Plan.